The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER X.

Of the four Beirleys, two were brothers, and cousins to the other two. There were three Boob brothers, two Corman brothers, three Fulmer brothers, three Gilbert brothers, two Grim brothers, two Harper brothers, two Kreamer brothers, two Lanich brothers, two Miller brothers, two Otto brothers; the two Strayers were father and son; two Weight brothers. Of the five Wolfs two were brothers and cousins to the other three; two Longs were cousins; the four Meyers were cousins. These were groups more or less related to each other.

Four Beirleys, two Harpers, Beck, Conser, two Cormans, two Grims, Held, four Meyers, Mayes, five Wolfs, Woodling, Weirick, two Strayers, two Shaffers, twenty-nine in all, formed an endless circle of relatives, embracing father and son, brothers and cousins to each other, without a break in the circle.

Wages and allowances. — At the breaking out of the war, in 1861, the wages of the common soldier was eleven dollars per month, beside clothing and ration allowances, but before the end of the first year wages were raised to thirteen dollars per calender month of full twenty-four hour days for privates and corporals, and seventeen and twenty dollars for sergeants in the infantry service, but when gold had gone up to "290," and our national money, "Greenbacks," with which we were paid, was down to thirty-five cents on a dollar, the common soldier's pay, therefore, was only four dollars and fifty-five cents ($4 55) per month in sound money, an act of Congress passed June 22d, 1864, raised our wages as follows: "That on and after the first day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-four and during the continuance of the present rebellion, the pay per month of noncommissioned officers and privates in the military service of the United States shall be as follows: First sergeants of cavalry, artillery and infantry, twenty-four dollars; sergeants of cavalry, artillery and infantry, twenty dollars; corporals of cavalry, artillery and infantry, eighteen dollars," etc., relating further to other branches of the service.

Ration allowance.—Ration allowances, during the latter part of the war, were limited to twenty-five cents a day and could not go over that figure. Judging by the quantity given us at times, led us to believe that they moved us along on still lower figures. This daily allowance, on a money estimate, was the highest allowance during the war and was paid to the soldier in cash in addition to his regular pay, while prisoner or away on leave of absence from the army. The amount of this ration allowance brought the bill of fare down to solid grub and dyspepsia was unknown in the army. The ration allowance was not so liberal during the first year of the war. We will quote a few lines from General Orders, No. 91, issued from the War Department, at Washington, D. C., October 26th, 1861, by Hon. Simon Cameron, at that time Secretary of War. It says in part: "If the rations can not be contracted for at a reasonable rate, subsistence will be secured in bulk and issued to the Volunteers. In no case should the cost of a days ration, uncooked, exceed nineteen cents and at most of the points in the Western States it should not exceed fourteen cents per day, for each. . . . When board and lodging are required the price for each should be stated and the aggregate cost of both must not exceed forty cents per day." (See Rebellion Records, Series III, Volume I, page 597.) A soldier's ration for one day, limited in variety, averaged three pounds in weight.

Clothing allowance.—The clothing allowance was never limited in money; a soldier received so many shoes, shirts, pants, etc., each year, regardless of price. If he managed to get through with less he was paid the balance in money, at the end of the year. If, however, he drew more than the allowance the excess was taken off his pay at the ruling price at the time, which was the cost price to the government.

THE REGIMENTAL GUARD HOUSE.

The recollection of the Guard House of the 148th P. V. will always linger in the memory of the boys of the Regiment. The Guard House was, in the opinion of the colonel, an indispensable adjunct of the regimental camp. The colonel was the designing architect. It was a rough building of logs with the bark on; about ten by twelve feet in size, about seven feet high. The roof consisted of a few poles thrown across the level top logs; a thin covering of pine branches completed the roof; so rain, snow and hail rattled through upon the unfortunate inmates.

THREE WEEKS COURT.

Jury for Regular April Term and Special Court.

The regular term of court opens Monday, April 24th, continuing for two weeks. A special term of court opens Monday, May 9th. Jurors for both courts follow:

GRAND JURORS.

Fred Shontz, Philipsburg
John B. Miles, Huston
H. A. Scholl, Union
Emmet Bubb, Potter
Joseph Ceader, Bellefonte
J. C. Thompson, Philipsburg
James M. Hook, Bellefonte
J. E. Noll, Miles
M. J. Yearick, Walker
W. C. Farner, Potter
John S. Hartsock, Spring
N. J. Hockman, Walker
Frederick Karichoff, Curtin
Hamill Bathgate, Harris
William H. Derstine, Sr., Bellefonte
Benjamin Gordon, Bellefonte
Walter Heaten, Huston
W. W. Bible, Bellefonte
John S. Wagner, Potter
Monroe Armor, Bellefonte
John A. Kelley, Snow Shoe
David Wenzel, Boggs
Owen Underwood, Union
R. C. Thompson, Worth

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

David Harpster, Ferguson
Edward Richards, Bellefonte
J. A. Confer, Boggs
Fred A. Auman, Gregg
Scott Holter, Liberty
A. E. Strayer, Miles
John A. Confer, Snow Shoe
Jesse Klinger, College
John Smith, Gregg
Cyrus Hall, Philipsburg
I. Blake Ayers, Philipsburg
Daniel I. Johnson, Ferguson
Robert Sloteman, Spring
Henry L. Barger, Snow Shoe
David C. Bohn, Potter
James McCool, Miles
George R. Williams, Worth
C. W. Hazel, Miles
George B. Simlar, Philipsburg.
Adam Wolf, Miles
George Weaver, Curtin
H. C. Fravel, Snow Shoe
David McCloskey, Howard
Albert Scott, Philipsburg
Isaac Armstrong, College
David Haines, Bellefonte
Edward Gehret, Bellefonte
William Bell, Rush
Harvey Smull, Miles
James Nolan, Walker
J. W. Lukens, Philipsburg
James A. Quigley, Liberty
John G. Rissmey, Spring
J. A. Witmer, College
W. T. Hubler, Miles
Michael Shields, Bellefonte
H. D. Meek, State College
John Woomer, Boggs
James Swabb, Harris
E. D. Thomas, Haines
Peter Park, Snow Shoe
Victor Way, Half Moon
E. R. Williams, Patton
Andrew Hunter, Philipsburg
James M. Rider, Half Moon
Christ. Decker, Walker
William Everhart, College

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

John Q. Miles, Huston
C. F. Montgomery, Bellefonte
William Haines, Liberty
William Poorman, Boggs
J. A. Hazel, Spring
William Ocker, Haines
C. H. Stover, Haines
Robert Young, Rush
A. C. Musser, Millheim
Jacob Heller, South Philipsburg
C. A. Weaver, Penn
Christ. Reese, Worth
Perry Hall, Union
C. P. Long, Gregg
John Turner, Howard
Clayton Corl, Ferguson
W. A. Alexander, Union
Robert Diehl, Miles
Charles R. Custer, Philipsburg
William Aikey, Howard
Samuel Sankey, Philipsburg
Michael Kerstetter, Spring
H. O. Fiedler, Haines
Carl Motz, Haines
Clarence Isenberg, South Philipsburg
D. G. Meyer, College
Stanley Hudson, Philipsburg
David M. Stine, Philipsburg
J. J. Stein, Walker
James I. Crotzer, Benner
Harry Badger, Bellefonte
Isadore Baum, Bellefonte.
Ira Howe, Bellefonte
William Quay, Curtin
Samuel Fetters, Bellefonte.
Thomas Quick, Boggs
E. B. Weaver, Ferguson
Thomas Deakin, Philipsburg
Daniel McKinley, Milesburg
G. A. Gill, Rush

TRAVERSE JURORS, SPECIAL COURT, MAY 8.

John H. Spicher, Centre Hall
Samuel Hollobaugh, Huston
John E. Miles, Milesburg
M. J. Barger, Gregg
Harry H. Haag, Bellefonte
Jacob F. Hoy, Benner
Harry Lewis, Taylor
James Schofield, Bellefonte
Dr. S. E. Dorworth, Bellefonte
George Decker, Penn
Harry Brown, Bellefonte
Maynard Meeker, Burnside
Jonathan J. Tressler, College
John L. Dunlap, Spring
John Hoy, Jr., Walker
Emanuel Shuey, State College
T. B. Cowher, State College
Charles Johnsonbaugh, Spring
Eugene Krone, Snow Shoe
Claude Cook, Bellefonte
A. A. Stover, Haines
Frank H. Robb, Walker
Frank M. Fisher, Gregg
David Rothrock, Benner
J. L. Shaffer, Marion
Howard Struble, Walker
J. W. Lee, Walker
H. B. Pontius, Bellefonte
J. J. Taylor, Gregg
Daniel Robb, Liberty
Clinton Markle, Benner
J. G. Fehl, Haines
George Hart, Bellefonte
Emanuel Garbrick, Walker
William Miller, Philipsburg
James Hoover, Union

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LETTERS FROM COL. SPANGLER

Written from Venice, Italy, and Munich, Germany, to His Father.

The Reporter is again here permitted to reprint two letters from Col. J. L. Spangler, the first from Venice, Italy, and the latter from Munich, Germany.

This is Venice in Italy. It is a city built on 120 islands in the sea, all small. No horses, no street cars, only boats to go about. It has a population of 160,000; very prosperous and pretty. 400 or more bridges and canals connect the city. If you want to go anywhere you take a small boat. Nothing like it anywhere else in the world.

* * * I came to Munich, Germany, from Rome via Florence and Venice, both in Italy; next went to Innsbruck in the Tyrol. This is in Austria and all German. These people live in the Alps Mountains. Some of the mountains are 9000 feet high. These people farm on the side of the mountain—an acre here and there. How they live I scarcely know, but they all seem happy. A day laborer gets from 20 to 30 cents a day, others, such as carpenters, etc., get a little more. They are intensely religious and always build a church—all Catholic. In their fields they place an image of Christ. Along the roads about every mile you see a full-sized figure of Christ.

On the sides of their houses you find pictures of the apostles. The house is used as a dwelling and a barn—the horse and cow in one end and the family in the other.

Every spot of ground is farmed, although it may not be larger than a very small garden. They can raise corn potatoes, turnips and other vegetables. Many use dogs instead of horses or oxen.

The people are very civil and peaceable. Of course soldiers are everywhere in evidence.

From Innsbruck we came here into Germany, known as Munich in Bavaria. This is the Kaiser's country, ruled from Berlin, but each province has a "little king." Munich is a large and prosperous city, having at least 300,000 people.

I am not far from "Lindsheim," near Heidelberg, where the Spanglers came from. If I get time I may go out.

It is surprising how cheap the stores sell their articles. It is fully over one-half less than at home, of course you have to pay a heavy duty to bring them to the States.

We have had splendid weather, only now it is snowing.

This is a wonderful country, but it is not old Pennsylvania. We have the freest, most prosperous and best country I have yet seen.

We have not yet selected a boat to come home, but will sail sometime about April 1st. We expect to go from here to Holland and Belgium, then back to Paris.

LOCALS.

Mrs. B. H. Arney went to Bellefonte Monday evening to visit her son, A. Miles Arney.

D. W. Geiss, of Bellefonte, was in Centre Hall Monday. He has been engaged with H. K. Rhoads for the past five years.

Samuel J. Wagner writes from Juniata that Juniata and Altoona will experience a building boom next summer, and adds that there will be no need for men to be idle.

Mrs. Anna Hemphill, of Philadelphia, came to Centre Hall a short time ago to visit her father, John Lawyers. She will make sale of household goods, March 25, as announced in the sale register and by posters.

Charles D. Emerick returned to Pittsburg beginning of last week to re-enter the services of the Pennsylvania railroad company. The young man received an injury to his foot a year or more ago, and was unable to do any work since.

Next week Howard Durst, of near Centre Hall, will become a resident of Union county. He will move on a splendid farm, recently purchased by him, located a short distance east of Lewisburg. Mr. Durst is a very painstaking farmer, giving particular attention to the care of agricultural implements and keeping in neat condition the surroundings of his premises.

Among the passengers west on the L & T. Monday evening was Grover Gentzell, on his way to Altoona after a brief visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Gentzell, of Spring Mills. Mr. Gentzell is a clerk in the store room of the Pennsylvania railroad shops in Altoona, and has been at that point for the past two years. He is disposed to study, and in connection with his daily work, he is taking a course in mechanical drawing in the Scranton Correspondence School, and after he has finished his studies along that line he expects to enter the mechanical drawing department of the Pennsylvania shops.

TOWNS WOULD TAX THE STATE

Quaint Reversal of Customary Conditions Winning Favor.

An odd bill, under which local taxing powers would tax the State, was favorably reported to the House and put through first reading.

Representative Howard, of Cameron county, introduced it, and it would take from the State as a local income from its forestry reservations three cents an acre for the schools and two cents for roads.

A quaint reversal of customary conditions, but why should not the state pay a local tax in which it holds property?

Hard Words, and Partially True.

The Altoona Tribune editorially says: The fact that the Pennsylvania Louisiana Purchase Exposition commission turned over to the state treasurer $53,000, unexpended balance, is to the credit of the commissioners, since they might easily have squandered the *entire* appropriation of $300,000.

Republican Candidates.

Republican candidates for county offices are making their candidacy known through official announcements in the Republican papers. The candidates who have thus announced are appended:

Sheriff—Henry Kline, Spring.
Treasurer—Isaac Underwood, Bellefonte.
Commissioners—John G. Bailey, Ferguson.
A. V. Miller, Spring.
Register—W. T. Wrye, Ferguson.
Recorder—H. H. Hewitt, Philipsburg.
Auditor—Robert D. Musser, Gregg.
County Chairman—H. C. Quigley, Bellefonte.

Bills Introduced.

Mr. Brown, Philadelphia, providing for the removal of the eastern state penitentiary from Philadelphia to some other eastern county.

Mr. Hood, Fayette, requiring county recorders to refuse to accept deeds or other writings purporting to convey real estate or interest therein unless the deed or writing contains reference to first previous title.

Mr. Lambert, Somerset, authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to expend $2000 annually for the enforcement of the law to prevent the adulteration of linseed or flaxseed oil.

Mr. Reitmeyer, Lycoming, prohibiting the sale by retail liquor dealers of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors except that which is consumed on their premises, under a penalty of $1,000 or six months imprisonment.

In the House the Sproul Public Roads Bill, which has been amended so as to divide equally between the county and township 16 2 3 per cent. of the cost of public roads, the State paying the balance, was reported from committee. The bill has also been amended so as to provide that no rights shall be granted to street railways over any road built by the State Highway Department, except under conditions to be defined by that department.

Bills Passed Finally.

House bill amending the marriage license act so as to permit persons contemplating marriage to appear before notaries public and make affidavit as to the legality of their contemplated marriage.

Requiring proof of the burial of sheep killed by dogs before damages may be received.

The following bills passed finally in the House:

Providing that one-half the cost of county bridges destroyed shall be paid by the county and the remainder by the State.

Requiring reports to be made to the State Live Stock Sanitary Board of the existence of contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals.

Authorizing law judges in vacation at chambers to hear and determine and file opinions in all cases, rules and citations.

Defining and declaring the giving of short weights and measurements a misdemeanor, and fixing a penalty of $300, or 90 days' imprisonment, for violating the act.

Providing that proceedings to obtain possession of land sold on execution shall take place before a justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate or a jury of six men.

Requiring notice to be served on the supervisors of the territory which a public road is to pass, of the time and place of the appointment, of viewers, reviewers and re-reviewers, to lay out the same, and of the time and place of the meetings.

Providing that no county shall be required to pay for the extinction of forest fires in any one year an amount exceeding one-fourth of the amount of the county taxes on unseated land received by the county for the last preceding year, unless the amount so received be less than $500.

Some men are gluttons for everything except work.

A GROSSLY EXTRAVAGANT CONGRESS

Authoritative statements issued by Mr. Hemenway, who served as Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, and Mr. Livingston, ranking minority member of the committee, agree in placing the total appropriations made at the last sessions of the Fifty-eighth Congress at $818,478,914 for the coming fiscal year, as against $781,172,375 for the current year.

According to Secretary Shaw, the estimated revenues for the twelve months beginning July 1, 1905, will be only $725,590,515. It is Mr Hemenway's embarrassing duty to explain how a threatened deficit of $92,888,399, by Republican magic, will be converted into a surplus of $28,542,410.

Mr. Livingston's argument is directed against "Big-Stick" extravagance. As against total appropriations of $205,046,343 for the army, navy and fortifications during the four years of President Cleveland's second term, he shows that Congress has given President Roosevelt for the equivalent period, 1903-1906, a grand total of $703,120 393 for the same purpose, an increase of over 240 per cent.

All quibbling aside, the impressive fact remains that, with an actual deficit of about $24 000,000 for the first eight months of the current fiscal year, Congress has authorized a net increase in expenditures of $37,306,539 for next year.

A comparative statement of the State's appropriations in 1895 and 1903 for educational and all other purposes shows that the former decreased over half a million dollars, while the latter increased over three and a half millions. Meanwhile the needs of educational purposes have greatly increased. During the same period the income of the State has also been vastly enhanced. It would seem from this that the Legislature could well pay special attention to the appropriations for educational objects. In a State with a population of so varied a character as Pennsylvania the educational question is of the first importance.

It is a good thing for many of the devotees of fashion that the Lenten season puts a period to their dissipation for a brief time. The observance of the season gives them an opportunity to recuperate, and probably prolongs the lives of some of their number. Nevertheless the ideal life is that which observes moderation all the year round, not ignoring that sociability which is natural and necessary to the highest happiness, but avoiding dissipation of every sort. A good thing should never be forsaken or ignored.

The candidates for state offices and supreme court judges are coming to the front. At present it is given out that J. Lee Plumber, of Blair county, will be given the nomination for state treasurer without formidable opposition.

The same authority, the machine, says that Superior Court Judges, Charles E. Rice, James A. Beaver, and George B. Orlady are to be renominated.

Out of the state's appropriation of $300,000 for the St. Louis Exposition, $53,000 is to be returned into the state treasury. This saving is due largely to the general howl set up by the newspapers throughout the state. This calls to mind what a miserable affair the agricultural exhibit really was.

April 13th has been set as the time for the adjournment of the state legislature.

Many a fellow would marry for money if the girl wasn't such an encumbrance.

Buy the Wood Lots, Farmers.

The man who owns a farm and is not fortunate enough to own a wood lot should hasten to secure one. The state is purchasing every available acre on the market, and within ten years will own vast tracts of timber land that heretofore were owned by individuals and always purchasable. In years gone by it was the custom of the farmers to buy the woodlands after the valuable timber had been cut from it by the lumberman, but the state's method has made a change in this—the partially denuded timber tracts no longer become the property of local real estate owners, but the state's and the time is coming when it will be resold at a handsome return on the investment.

Novelties.

Novelties in Japanese napkins, crepe paper rolls, pebbled passe-partout picture frame binding will be found at the Reporter office.

Also, the latest novelties in ladies' stationery—very pretty, and very cheap.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

St. Patrick's Day, Friday, 17th.

Rev. R. M. Illingsworth is back from Scotland.

The Superior court is in session in Harrisburg, having convened Monday.

Mrs. W. C. Patterson, of State College, during last week was very ill of pneumonia.

William Bradford, the Pine Grove Miller, is due congratulations—it is a boy, big and plump.

Mrs. William Scholl will make her home with her daughter, Mrs. S. S. Kreamer, in Centre Hall.

Jacob Jordan and John Zerby, of Colyer, were in town last week and called to see the Reporter.

Jerome I. Lingle, of near Spring Mills, has changed locations, and will now be found at Monroe, Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. James Spicher, and family, of Cresson, for several days were guests of John Spicher, the former's father.

Sale dinners are reported to be above the average. An extra bid may easily be fed into the buyer through the contents of the proverbial paper bag.

Hay and potatoes are dull in the market. Hay especially is an important money crop, and a low price and light demand are unwelcomed by the average farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. John Scholl, of Altoona, came to Centre Hall, Saturday and remained until after the sale of the farm stock and property of Wm. Scholl, deceased, which took place Wednesday.

Cows and horses are bringing high prices at the public sales, especially when the stock is in the pink of condition. Young cattle and calves, to the contrary, are frequently auctioned off much below their real value.

Among the beginners on the farm is Clyde Stam, of Linden Hall, an active, level-headed young man. He will move on the farm of Mrs. Sarah Geiss, located on the Boalsburg public road below Linden Hall. The farm will be stocked by D. W. Geiss, of Bellefonte.

Encouraged by his success in truck farming last season, ex-Sheriff Brungart will plant on a larger scale and give his crop even better attention than heretofore. His principal crop will be onions, which he grows from the seed. Aaron Thomas will also begin the growing of onions.

Because a woman sold one of her fingers, to be grafted on the hand of an actress, for $500, she must not be accused of being "long-fingered." There are plenty of the "long-fingered" set who could command a good price for the extra long digits if put on sale in the communities in which their dexterity has been put to practice.

Mrs. W. W. Royer, of Centre Hill, will make sale of her personal property, Saturday, April 1st. It is the lady's intention to make her home with her son, William L. Royer, at Juniata. Mr. Royer has been employed in the car shops at Altoona for about ten years, and will be glad to have his mother with him in his own home.

J. J. Bower, Esq., of the law firm of Gettig, Bower & Zerby, was in town Friday on his way home from Penns Cave, where he attended the postponed sale of the Cave property and Long farm. Mr. Bower and his law partners are gaining business before the court, all of which their many friends throughout the county will be pleased to know.

During the latter part of the week, F. W. Sweetwood will go to Symerton, Ill., where he has had employment on a farm for several consecutive years. He had been home on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Sweetwood, of Potters Mills, for several months, but goes back to the west to take up his work with his former employer, which speaks well for both.

The Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte, has dispensed with its 'bus, and has substituted a Cadalac automobile to transport its patrons to and from the railroad station. The present landlord, H. S. Ray, has done much to add to the popularity of the well-known hotel in the county seat. The automobile will not only be a drawing card for the hotel, but a saving in expense.

The indications are that Prof. S. Ward Gramley will have the largest select school held in Centre Hall for a number of years. He will give prospective teachers special attention. The need of education can not be emphasized too much these days. Many a young man today is regretting that he did not make better use of his school days. This can not be remedied, but the young people who are now of school age should be careful not to commit the same error.

TRIUMPH OF JAPANESE ARMS

Mukden and Fushun Taken, and Kuropatkin Crushed---Czar to Send Out New Army---Resignation of Gen. Kuropatkin Will Be Accepted.

Russia will not give up the fight. Notwithstanding the peace talk in St. Petersburg and Paris, the Czar has decided to raise a new army, reorganize the forces in Manchuria and order the second Russian Pacific fleet to sail for the Far East. It is admitted at the Russian capital that it will be difficult to mobilize another army, and some officials believe it impossible.

Russian officials say that only in the event of Japan tendering "moderate" terms and recognizing Russia's power in the Far East can peace be easily arranged. The Czar and his counselors figure on Japan being unable to stand the financial strain.

General Kuropatkin has assumed all responsibility for his defeat. His excuse is that he miscalculated the Japanese strength. The Czar will accept his resignation as commander-in-chief. General Grodekoff may be selected to succeed him.

The Japanese are in touch with the Russians at Tie Pass, and Field Marshal Oyama is pushing the advantage gained, determined, if possible, to drive the Russians from their latest shelter and force the fighting to a finish. The troops arriving at Tie Pass are in a disorganized state, showing that the retreat turned into a panic.

The full extent of the Russian disaster is still unknown. The Russian censors eliminate all mention of the numbers of prisoners taken by the Japanese from the press dispatches. Kuropatkin has evidently lost the whole, or the larger portion, of at least one army corps and a part of another. He reports that 1,190 officers and 46,391 men are missing at roll-call.

While a small portion of Kuropatkin's army has reached Tie Pass, the greater part of those who escaped from the battle of Mukden are still struggling northward, being at last accounts between 12 and 16 miles from their goal, with the Japanese, flushed with victory and reinforced by fresh men, harassing them from all sides. Even should the remnant of the army reach Tie Pass, it is hardly possible for it to make a stand there against the overwhelming force opposing it, especially as the Russians must be worn out and weakened by the loss of men, guns and ammunition.

According to Marshal Oyama's latest reports the Russians taken prisoner in the Shakhe district alone number 40,000, including Major General Nakhimoff. The Russian killed and wounded in the same district number 90,000. They left 26,500 dead on the field.

The Japanese casualties from February 26 to March 12 were 41,222.

JAPS IN ANOTHER TURNING MOVEMENT.

Russian Army in Such Disorder That Losses Are Not Yet Determined.

Tie Pass (By Cable).—The Japanese, it is reported, have ceased their pursuit, at least temporarily. Some of the Japanese are 25 miles below Tie Pass. A resumption of their advance is expected. Rumors are in circulation that the Japanese already are attempting another wide turning movement to drive the Russians from Tie Pass.

The Russian troops here have been arriving with hopelessly mixed units in consequence of the change in the front. The troops are being sorted out and organizations reformed and assigned to places to defend the new position; but whether Tie Pass will be held or abandoned probably will not be decided for several days.

It is still too early to tell the extent of the Russian defeat, because not all the parts of the army have been assembled, and the losses during the retreat are no small portion of the casualties.

OYAMA TELLS OF TRIUMPH.

The Occupation of Mukden and Success of Surrounding Movement.

Tokio. (By Cable)—Field Marshal Oyama telegraphs as follows:

"We occupied Mukden at 10 o'clock Friday morning.

"Our surrounding movement, in which we have been engaged for some days past, has now completely succeeded.

"The fiercest fighting continues at several places in the vicinity of Mukden.

"We captured a great number of prisoners, enormous quantities of arms, ammunition, provisions and other war supplies. There is at present no time to investigate the number of these."

It is unofficially reported that the Russian strength west of Mukden consists of two corps. The Japanese who destroyed the railroad are pressing the Russians northward, and the portion of the Japanese center pressing the Russians northward along the Mukden road is now engaged six miles north of the Hun River.

The Japanese have also occupied Fushun. Nearly all the Russians' heavy guns and many field guns have been captured.

Washington. (Special)—Fushun has been captured by the Japanese forces, according to the following cablegram received by the Japanese Legation from Tokio:

"Our detachments occupied Fushun on the night of March 9, and now are attacking the enemy, which is posted at the angle of the heights north of Fushun.

KUROPATKIN'S DESPAIRING MESSAGE.

Laconic Report That Many Believe to Be the Forerunner of a Surrender.

St. Petersburg. (By Cable)—"Friday night all our armies commenced to retreat."

The greatest defeat in the history of the Russo-Japanese War was made known in St. Petersburg Friday night, but only in the paltry eight words from General Kuropatkin to Emperor Nicholas, which were flung about the streets in newspaper extras and passed from mouth to mouth. Two thoughts formed instantly in the minds of everyone, and two words were on every lip—Surrender, peace—the former dreaded, the latter hoped for.

General Kuropatkin is no maker of phrases; his words never are quoted like the famous "All is lost save honor;" but his laconic messages hide more than probably any other two sentences in the literature of war. St. Petersburg knows nothing of the extent of the disaster; not even the lines of Kuropatkin's retreat; whether the route to Tie Pass is still open, whether he is endeavoring to cut his way through to safety, or whether, as many of the pessimistic believe, he has taken to the mountains. If it be the latter, he will inevitably be hemmed in and starved into surrender, as Marshal Bazaine was at Metz.

The dispatch has been studied as closely as was ever the most abstruse text of Scripture over which dogmaticians have wrestled, and from the words "all our armies" the optimistic draw the deduction that the bulk of the Russian forces got away clear, the commander-in-chief sacrificing, however, the devoted rear guard, who flung themselves as prey to the Japanese wolves, who were closing in on their trail, and sacrificing also, it is conceded on every hand, the greater part of his heavy artillery, especially the siege guns and enormous quantities of supplies and munitions.

WEALTH IN OUR COAL MINES.

Hundreds of Millions of Tons Are Produced Annually.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The world's coal production in 1903 reached the enormous total of 864,000,000 long tons, of which the United States supplied more than any other country. Statistics received by the Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics, indicate that the world's output of coal in 1903 was 864,000,000 tons, of which the United States produced 319,000,000 tons, against 230,000,000 produced by Great Britain, 160,000,000 by Germany, 39,000,000 by Austrai-Hungary and 35,000,000 by France.

The world's growth in coal production is coincident with its growth in commerce, indicating the close connection between coal supply and industry and transportation. From 1800 to 1850 the world's production of coal was relatively small and only increased from 11½ million tons at the beginning of that century to 81,000,000 in 1850; the world's commerce meantime increased from $1,500,000,000 to $4,000,000,000. Since 1850 there has been a marked increase in the production of coal and an equally notable expansion of international commerce. Coal production has in the last half century increased tenfold and commerce more than fourfold, the former increasing from 81,000,000 tons in 1850 to 864,000,000 tons in 1903; the latter from $4,000,000,000 in 1850 to $22,000,000,000 in 1903.

The rapid growth in the world's production of coal is even surpassed by the record of the United States. In 1800, when anthracite coal was practically unknown in the United States, the world was producing over 11,000,000 tons of coal per annum. In 1870, when the world's coal production amounted to 213,000,000 tons, the United States supplied but 33,000,000, or about 15 per cent. of the whole, being exceeded by Great Britain with 110,000,000 tons and Germany with over 33,000,000. From 1870 to 1903 the growth in the world's coal production has been from 213,000,000 at the first-named year to 864,000,000 in 1903, a gain of 651,000,000 tons, or over 300 per cent.

Robs Woman Station Agent.

Elizabeth, N. J., (Special).—Mrs. Priscilla Reid, station agent on the Pennsylvania railroad at North Elizabeth, was waylaid and robbed. A man seized her by the throat and told her to give him the handbag she carried or he would choke the life out of her. The woman struggled, but he clutched her throat tighter, struck her in the face and wrenched the bag, containing $58 and tickets, from her grasp. Then he fled, leaving her lying in the snow. Her screams caused a pursuit, and the man was caught after a chase.

Miners Drop to Death.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., (Special).—While seven men were being hoisted in the carriage in the Clear Spring colliery at West Pittston the rope broke and the men were hurled to the bottom, a distance of 250 feet. All were killed. Immediately after the accident a rescuing party was organized with J. L. Coke, general manager of the Clear Spring Company, in charge. The bodies of the seven men were found in a heap at the bottom of the shaft horribly mangled.

Assassin a Noble?

New York (Special).—A special cable from Paris states:

"The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Journal says that the assassin of Grand Duke Sergius has been found to be a member of a princely family connected with the Obolenskys. This is the reason for the concealment of his name by the authorities and explains the visit which Grand Duchess Elizabeth, widow of the Grand Duke, paid to him in his cell.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

The strike on the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's lines in New York is at an end, the men having been advised by the leaders to apply for reinstatement.

A man known as Hunter de Bowie is accused in New York of various swindling operations in which women were the victims.

Young Kingdon Gould was hazed by "The Black Avengers" of Columbia College.

The committee of the Trunk Line Association in charge of the uniform bill of lading question has agreed to withdraw the bill, to which objection has been made, if the shippers will promise to drop the appeal to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Chairman J. Taylor Ellyson, of the Virginia Democratic State Committee, is expected by many to resign some time in May.

William W. Conner, of Somerset county, Md., committed suicide at Norfolk.

Norfolk supervisors paid back into the treasury $4,815 salaries paid to them in excess of the $30 allowed.

The National Mothers' Congress is expected to demand the unseating of Senator Smoot, of Utah.

Six colonels in the army are soon to be retired with the rank of brigadier-general.

Sir H. Rider Haggard was the guest of the President at the White House.

For the present the President will consider no more applications for consular positions.

Grand Chief Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, revoked the charter of the striking Interborough engineers in New York. Many of the strikers applied at the company's offices for positions. The strike continues.

Representative members of the theatrical profession attended the funeral of Mr. A. M. Palmer in the "Little Church Around the Corner" in New York.

Albert De Rome, crippled from the effects of hazing, swore out warrants for the arrest of students of the Hopkins Art Institute, in San Francisco.

By a collision at Monk Center, Ind., between two trains Engineer Harson was fatally injured and Fireman Harry Cummings was instantly killed.

At a meeting of the Pittsburg members of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Employes it was determined to present a new wage scale.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis is anxious to have the State of Mississippi recognized on the monument to be erected in Richmond to Jefferson Davis.

Proceedings for disbarment have been entered at Marianna, Fla., against former Chief Justice Liddon, of the state.

Oliver Hopkinson, the oldest member of the Philadelphia bar, is dead, aged 93 years.

Two negroes were hanged in Birmingham, Ala., for the murder of their sweethearts.

Grand Chief Warren S. Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, has ordered the striking motormen on the Interborough to return or be expelled. The local leader of the strike says the men will stay out. Many have returned and traffic is moving along.

The executive committee of the United Brethren Missionary Board dropped Daniel F. Wilberforce, a native African missionary, who, after 25 years' work in the church, relapsed to heathenism.

W. S. Alley, who was suspended from the New York Stock Exchange for one year for alleged irregularities last September, has been reinstated by the governing committee.

"The Moral Forces in the Twentieth Century" was the subject of the Trask lecture delivered at the Princeton University by the Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale.

An address on "Some Phases of the Municipal Problem" was delivered before the Yale Law School.

Foreign.

A project is on foot in London to construct additional immense docks for the port of London.

London physicians say they believe the increase in lunacy among women in that city is due to the monotony of living in flat-houses.

A man giving the name of A. H. McCullough was killed by a bomb he dropped in a St. Petersburg hotel.

Sir Caspar Purdon Clarke, the new director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art at New York, says Americans fail to appreciate native genius.

President Nord, of Hayti, has postponed the final hearing in the case of eight Syrians under order of expulsion on the complaint of American Minister Powell for having presented false American naturalization papers.

Count Tolstoi, in a letter to the London Times, defends the Russian government as no worse than all other governments, and advises all men "to free themselves from every government and abolish it."

The outbreak of the peasants in the south of Russia has assumed such alarming proportions that troops have been sent to restore order. The peasants have burned much valuable property.

A legal question which has arisen in Berlin is whether a pearl found by a lady customer while eating oysters in a restaurant belongs to the finder or to the proprietor of the restaurant.

April 18 of the Russian calendar, or May 1, American calendar, has, it is reported, been set for the real beginning of the revolution in Russia.

It is reported that 9,000 Somalis have attacked the town of Merka, on the Bexdir Coast, East Africa, and have annihilated the inhabitants.

Twenty or thirty miners are reported killed and many serious burned in an explosion in the Cambian Colliery, Rhondda Valley, Wales.

Thirty-two battalions of Turkish reinforcement have been called out to cope with the insurrection in the province of Yemen, Arabia.

Revolutionary disorders have broken out at Smolensk, in Middle Russia. Bands of demonstrators are marching through the streets carrying red flags.

Two firemen were severely burned in extinguishing flames in the cellar of the new palace at Potsdam.

THE JURY SAYS GUILTY

Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick is Convicted on the Charge of Conspiracy.

VERDICT REACHED IN TWO HOURS.

Court Convened at Night to Receive Finding—Sinks Helplessly Into Her Chair and Breaks Into Sobs When Outcome is Announced to Her—Deafness Prevented Her From Hearing the Verdict—New Trial Promptly Moved.

Cleveland (Special).—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick was found guilty of conspiring to defraud the United States in procuring the certification of checks on a national bank, when there were no funds in the bank to her credit.

She was found guilty on every count of the indictment upon which the jury was at liberty to judge her—seven in all.

The original indictment contained 16 counts. Two of these were ruled out during the trial by Judge Taylor, and of the remaining 14, one-half charged her with securing the certification of checks without having the proper entries made upon the books of the bank. Judge Tayler, in his charge, directed the jury to disregard these counts and consider only the remaining with no funds on deposit.

Under the law she can be fined on each count, but not more than $10,000 or imprisonment more than two years on each count, or she may be fined a maximum of $10,000 and imprisonment for two years on each count.

The jury left the courtroom at 3:33. It was announced two hours later that a verdict had been reached, and the jurors asked to be taken out to dinner. Word was sent to Judge Tayler at his hotel, and he set 8:30 o'clock as the time at which he would appear in court to receive the verdict. The jury went out at 6:15 and returned at 7:30.

Court was opened promptly at 8:30 and the verdict read at 8:33.

Mrs. Chadwick came into court about five minutes before the jury. She was accompanied by her son, Emil Hoover, and two trained nurses. She sank into the seat she has occupied during the trial and rested her face in the palm of her right hand—a position she held almost constantly throughout the sessions of court. During the afternoon she had suffered severely from a cramp in her right arm, being at times barely able to use it. She forgot all about the cramp at night in her excitement and moved the arm as if nothing had ever troubled it.

The jury sat silently in their chairs waiting for the appearance of Judge Tayler, and around the dim, illy lighted courtroom stood perhaps 30 persons more—newspaper men, bailiffs and attaches of the office of District Attorney Sullivan. Mrs. Chadwick's counsel, Judge Wing, also was present, and he sat silent, with a frown of apprehension upon his face.

For several minutes the courtroom waited, no motion being made by anybody, when Judge Tayler entered from his chambers, and walked quickly to his chair. He glanced in an inquiring manner toward the jury, but said nothing.

"I have it, your Honor," said Clerk Carleton, holding up a slim white paper. Then, turning his face to the courtroom, the clerk said:

"Gentlemen, answer to your names as they are called."

All of the jurymen responded and Clerk Carleton unfolded the verdict and stood up.

"We find as to count one—guilty.

"We find as to count three—guilty."

The same sentence was repeated five times more for the five remaining counts, and commenced energetically to enter the verdict upon his records.

"Gentlemen," said the Judge, "was this, and is this, your verdict?"

An inarticulate murmur of assent rose from the jury, and then in a few words Judge Tayler thanked and dismissed the jury.

SIGNED 1,842 MEASURES.

Bill Passed sBy Congress and Approved By President.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—During the session of Congress which closed on March 4 President Roosevelt signed 1,842 measures passed by the Senate and House of Representatives.

The footings of the enactments have just been completed by Col. William M. Palmer, assistant clerk of the Senate Committee on Enrolled Bills, and Morris A. Latta, enrollment clerk at the White House, through the hands of both of whom all the measures passed. Both Colonel Palmer and Mr. Latta have handled the enactments of the Congress for many years, and not one ever has failed of approval through negligence.

Of the measures enacted at the last session 238 were public bills, including 14 appropriation bills, 1,569 were private bills, 34 were public resolutions and one was a private resolution. The total number of enactments during the previous session of the Fifty-eight Congress, which was nearly two months longer than the session just closed, was 2,199. It is noteworthy that nearly two-thirds of the measures enacted at the last session were delivered at the White House by Colonel Palmer for the approval of the President during the last two weeks of the session.

Town Stirred By Revival.

Dixon, Ill. (Special).—After Evangelist William A. Sunday had preached a sermon on impure amusements at the Tabernacle here hundreds of persons went forward and publicly renounced dances and progressive card games. Society women have also announced an intention of forsaking decolette costumes. Nearly 4,000 heard the sermon and more than 3,000 others clamored for admittance. Gamblers have broken their tables, burned their paraphernalia

DEATH DUE TO POISON

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in Stanford Case.

FRISCO DETECTIVES VISIT THE SCENE.

According to the Finding of Jury in Honolulu, Mrs. Stanford Died an Unnatural Death, the Cause Being Strychnine Poisoning, the Drug Having Been Introduced Into Bottle of Bicarbonate of Soda.

Honolulu. (By Cable)—The coroner's jury returned a verdict that Mrs. Jane L. Stanford died an unnatural death. The verdict says that death was due to strychnine poisoning, the poison having been introduced into a bottle of bicarbonate of soda with felonious intent by some person or persons to the jury unknown.

The end of the inquest with a positive verdict of murder leaves the police of Honolulu as much without a clew as when Mrs. Stanford died. High Sheriff Henry said after the inquest that it was his opinion that the strychnine was placed in the soda in San Francisco by a member of Mrs. Stanford's household. At the inquest Dr. Shorey testified that the strychnine used, as shown by the tests, was a strychnine such as it not used generally for medicinal purposes, but used for poisoning animals. This statement is regarded as of possible assistance in tracing the purchase of the strychnine.

The jury returned their verdict after about two minutes' deliberation.

The verdict of the coroner's jury to the effect that the death of Mrs. Stanford was due to strychnine poisoning is the subject of much adverse criticism here. Many persons declare that evidence was lacking to sustain the conclusion of the jury as to felonious intent. The verdict was written out with the knowledge and assistance of Deputy High Sheriff Rawlins. The jurors, who took less than two minutes to arrive at the verdict, immediately signed their names.

David Starr Jordan, president of the Leland Stanford, Jr., University; Timothy J. Hopkins, a member of the board of trustees of the university; Capt. Jules Callundan, representing a detective agency of San Francisco, and Detective Harry Reynolds, of the San Francisco Police Department, arrived here on the steamship Alameda.

Dr. Jordan said that all the way to Honolulu he had hoped he would find on arriving that the death of the great benefactress was due to natural causes. Mrs. Stanford, in conversation with him, he said, made little reference to the attempted poisoning at the Stanford mansion at San Francisco on January 14, and did not appear to think very much of it. Dr. Jordan and Mr. Hopkins both said they had nothing whatever to do with the investigation which the police of San Francisco and Honolulu are conducting.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN A SCHOOL.

Valuable Astronomical Apparatus and a Splendid Library Burned.

Philadelphia, (Special).—The new Boys' High School, at Broad and Green streets, considered one of the finest structures of the Norman type in the country, and built and furnished at a cost of more than $1,500,000, was damaged by fire and water to the extent of about $150,000. The fire began after all the classes had been dismissed. The only scholars in the building at the time the fire was discovered were the candidates for the various athletic teams, who were in the gymnasium. They numbered about 200, and rendered good service in saving books and other property.

The fire started in the workshop of Monroe B. Snyder, professor of astronomy and higher mathematics, and was caused by defective electric wiring. One-half of the fifth floor of the main portion of the structure and the entire observatory tower, which rises five floors above the main building, were burned out. The greatest loss was the contents of the observatory. The main telescope, costing $25,000, a number of other instruments and an instrument for segregating the colors of the sun, of which there are only four in the world, were damaged beyond repair. The valuable library of Professor Snyder, containing books and papers that cannot be replaced, was also destroyed.

Headless Body Found.

Pocatello, Idaho (Special).—A rancher reported finding the remains of a man and a woman in a fissure of the rocks and lava beds about four miles up Portneau Canyon, south of Pocatello. The body of the man was headless. That of the woman was wrapped in a blanket. Indications are that the man and woman were murdered and that the crime was committed at least two years ago.

Cereal Mill Burned.

Cedar Rapids, Ia (Special).—The plant of the American Cereal Company, said to be the largest oatmeal mill in the world, is burning, and probably will be a total loss. Two persons have lost their lives. The fire is spreading, and assistance has been asked from nearby cities.

Mr. Metcalf to Visit Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga (Special).—Secretary of Commerce and Labor Metcalf has accepted an invitation to be present in Atlanta May 16, at the meeting of the American Manufacturers' Association.

FINANCIAL.

The coastwise shipments of coal in the United States last year was 34,000,000 tons.

Quietest week of the year in the wool trade, says the "American Wool Reporter."

It is said that H. C. Frick has bought 20,000 shares of Philadelphia Rapid Transit.

Erie will issue $4,000,000 of notes to pay for new equipment, including nearly 200 locomotives.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

At a meeting of the President and his Cabinet it was decided that the length of service of an incumbent would not be a bar to his reappointment in the federal service, the main test to be if his services were satisfactory.

Funeral services for General Bate were held in the Senate prior to the dispatch of the remains to Nashville Tenn., for burial. The President, members of his Cabinet, diplomatic corps and other high dignitaries were present.

Secretary Hitchcock has given out a statement concerning the investigation made by the Department of the Interior into the irregularities in Oregon in public cases. There have been 68 indictments and 6 convictions.

Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks has appointed his son, Fred C. Fairbanks, as his private secretary.

Former Ambassador Andrew D. White delivered an address in which he recommended a number of changes in the system of appointment and promotion in the diplomatic and consular service.

Secretary Hay issued a statement declaring that it had never been the purpose of the administration to negotiate a protocol with Santo Domingo without submitting it to the Senate.

Postmaster General Cortelyou formally received the chiefs and assistant chiefs of the various divisions of the Postoffice Department.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, by a party vote, agreed to report favorably on the Santo Domingo Treaty as amended.

Jacques Jouvenal, a sculptor, whose work is conspicuous in the capital, died, at the age of 75.

Charges have been filed against the mail bag repair shop of the Postoffice Department.

Secretary Taft has declined to accept the resignation of Capt. George H. Kirkman.

The Senate, in executive session, made public the second message of President Roosevelt on the Santo Domingo treaty. It says that the Dominican interests demand action by the Senate at the earliest practical moment.

The National Republican Editorial Association met in Washington. William S. Capeller, of Mansfield, O., was elected president.

The appointment of Charles H. Treat to be treasurer of the United States, vice Ellis Roberts, resigned, was sent to the Senate.

George B. Cortelyou, on assuming the office of postmaster general, announced that in a few days, as soon as he can arrange some minor details, he will retire from the chairmanship of the Republican National Committee. He will be succeeded by Vice Chairman Harry C. New, of Indianapolis, who will become the acting chairman of the committee.

Postmaster General Cortelyou announced that Frank H. Hitchcock, of Massachusetts, has been selected for first assistant postmaster general.

All members of the Cabinet took the prescribed oath as the heads of their respective departments, the administration of the oath being attended by no formality. The informal ceremonies took place at the departments.

President Roosevelt's naval aid, Lieut. Roscoe Carlisle Bulmer, and Miss Anita Poor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. H. Poor, of Washington, were married in St. Thomas' Episcopal Church by the rector, Rev. C. Ernest Smith.

THIS MINISTER A PERJURER.

Sentenced to the Penitentiary for Violation of Pension Laws.

Knoxville, Tenn. (Special)—Rev. Benjamin W. Ashley, a minister of the Christian Church, residing near Newport, Tenn., was given a sentence of fifteen months in the penitentiary in the Federal Court here today for violating the pension laws.

In investigating his case a pension examiner discovered that he was a bigamist. After Ashley had been placed on the pensions rolls a North Carolina woman claiming to be his wife made application for a division of the pension. Ashley swore she was not his legal wife, but that his wife was a Tennessee woman. Investigation proved that Ashley married his first wife in 1865, and had never obtained a divorce, but had abandoned her thirty years ago, marrying a second time after coming to Tennessee to reside. He pleaded guilty of perjury, and may be prosecuted for bigamy when he has served his Federal sentence.

MINERS CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Four Killed and Four Injured By a Runaway Coal Car.

Charleston, W. Va (Special).—At Shrewsbury, a mining village 16 miles above here, a mine car, loaded with coal and carrying 10 workmen, who were coming from the mine, dashed a thousand feet down the 45-degree incline, killing four of the miners and injuring four others.

The men had left their work and were riding down to their homes when the ropes pulled out of the "deadeye" of the drawhead and the car descended like lightning to the bottom of the incline, 1,000 feet below. Two of the 10 men jumped as soon as the car was released and were unhurt. Others jumped later and were injured more or less severely. Four stayed until the car smashed into the tipple, demolishing it and being itself destroyed.

A Medal From the President.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special)—It was reported from McKeesport that as a recognition of his services for flagging a Baltimore and Ohio inaugural train Sunday and preventing a terrible catastrophe, Thomas Bain, a coal digger of Shaner, will receive a medal of honor from the government. He was notified that President Roosevelt would bestow the medal soon. The railroad company will also recognize Bain's services.

A Quaint Fellow.

Ol' Uncle Ned, he's a crank, it is said;
He never takes notice, but jes' goes ahead.
The boys they throw snowballs, an' jeer at his clothes,
But ol' Uncle Ned unconcernedly goes,
Singin' a song
An' jogging along.

He says a harsh word never lessens his joys,
It doesn't hurt him and amuses the boys.
Besides, he never hears anything that they say,
He's busily occupied, day after day,
Singin' a song
An' joggin' along.

He says that he's sorry fur folks that must gain
Their fun by an effort to give others pain,
It's so easy to wound an' so hard for to heal;
He reckons he really gains a good deal
By jes' singin' a song
An' jogging along.

—Washington Star.

JOHN MARSTON'S HOUSEKEEPER.

BY C. V. MAITLAND.

"Dare I take this place?" said Margaret Lester to herself, as she paced up and down her small top room, with the morning newspaper crushed in her hands.

She glanced, with care in the loving brown eyes, upon the little twin sisters who had been her charge for seven years, since her parents and theirs had died.

Pacing up and down the floor, Margaret went over in her mind all those long seven years, in which she had worked for them with willing hands, yet had only been able, after all, to just keep the gaunt wolf from the door. And now how could she do even that?

The fine needlework and embroidery which had barred him out these seven years, she could do no more of, for her sight was failing—the doctor said of overwork.

She had advertised in vain for a situtation as governess; she had advertised and applied for all sorts of places. And never an answer had come to her until the one in that morning's newspaper.

She smoothed it out again, and read for the third time:

"If A. B., who has been advertising in this paper, has not found a situation as housekeeper, she may do so by calling between five and eight o'clock at 7 Washington place."

She dropped the paper, and was leaning on the dressing table, looking into the mirror—looking there searchingly, wistfully; and presently she drew out her comb, and shook the soft brown mass of hair low on her cheeks. And then she sighed, half sorry, half relieved, and pushed it back again.

"No, no! the nine long years have done their work," she said, half aloud to the pale, worn face in the mirror. There's nothing left of the Madge Lester he once knew. The gold and the curl are gone from the hair, the merriment and careless laughter from the eyes, the color and the roundness from the cheeks. What nonsense to have feared that twenty-six could be like seventeen! Besides, I've grown so much since he and I last met—nine years ago. Little Madge Lester has gone forever, and in her stead, tall A. B.—let me see—Anne Brown; yes, that will do."

All the time she was thinking thus her busy hands smoothing down the hair about her face, arranging it in close bonds to the temples, and puttin git away behind her ears—a pretty, classic style enough, but one upon which only an elder person would venture. It makes the pale face look older, and less like, as Margaret knows, the young Madge Lester in the floating cloud of sunny hair.

But when she takes down her hat she is dissatisfied. She stands thoughtful for a moment, then turns aside to a chest, from which she draws a close crape bonnet and veil, and puts them on, with tender, lingering touch, for they were once her mother's.

She has dragged something else out in the folds of the crape veil. Only a pair of spectacles—some relic which her mother kept. Margaret is abuot to put them back when a sudden thought strikes her. She goes to the mirror, and puts them on instead.

And Bessy looks up from her doll upon the hearthrug, and claps her small hands.

"Look, Lulu—look! Sister Margie's grown so old!"

Margaret stoops down to the two little ones and kisses them. Yes, sister Margie has grown old, has put away all her sweet youth for them.

Then she hurries down, and out of doors. She has slipped her spectacles into her pocket, on leaving her room, and she walks on without them in the gathering dusk. She has no need of them, but she puts them on again, although they blind her a little as to height and number of steps, when she sees, looking up in the dim light, that this is 7 Washington place, and she must mount to the front door.

"What name?" she is asked, when she tells the old servant that she would see her master.

"Annie Brown," she says, and then she hesitates a little, remembering the widow's cap in her crape bonnet. "Mrs. Annie Brown," she adds, and the servant leads her across the hall into the library.

Left alone, Margaret draws a heavy breath as she glances around her. It is nine long years since she was in this library last—since the ball when John Marston had asked her here, under his mother's roof, in this same library, to be his wife; and she had been piqued and angry with him for some trifle, and she had scorned and flouted him, and the next day he had gone abroad. Then her father's failure had come upon him with a sudden crash, and in a little while the Lesters were lost to all their circle of acquaintances—so lost that this was the first time Margaret had crossed the old familiar threshold.

A portrait catches her glance across the room, and she rises softly to look at it.

It is John Marston! Older than she knew him, nine long years ago; and yet, she says to herself, those years have dealt with him far more gently than with her, if this is like him now; and as she thinks this, there comes a step behind her, muffled in the heavy velvet carpet, and with a hurried start she turns and faces him.

Has he stood for full five minutes in the open doorway watching her, before he approached? Has he seen the clear-cut profile turned to him, which he once knew so well?

If he has, she does not read anything of all this in his face, as she turns slowly round to him.

She is handing him his advertisement, which she has clipped out of the newspaper. It can speak for her as well as words, after her little bow, and then she adds

"I have come at once, sir, hoping I may answer for the place. I have sore need of it."

"These are your initials, Mrs. Brown, the servant told me. What does the A stand for?"

"Anne."

He looked at her quickly. But she is not looking at him; and presently he asks her quietly to take a seat.

"You are in need of the place at once?" he says, gently, breaking the pause.

"Sore need, sir. I've two little girls dependent on me. Not that I'd be wanting to bring them here," she added.

"Two little girls!" he repeats, and his voice sounds hard and harsh. "Two little girls! How old are they?"

"They are eight years old, sir. They are twins."

If she could have seen his face, and the strange flash that spread like a glad light over it! But she did not see, until he came back quietly, and drew a chair for himself in front of her. And then he says, somewhat abruptly and unfeelingly, it might seem:

"You are a widow, Mrs. Brown?"

Strangely enough, the sudden twitch round Mrs. Brown's delicate mouth reminded one more of laughter than of tears. She answers him, to the point certainly, yet not with a simple yes. She says:

"I have no husband, sir."

"Well, then, I think, Mrs. Anne Brown, that you may suit my place, if my place will suit you. First, then, you must know something about it. In the first place. If you accept my offer, I do not propose to pay you any wages."

"Not—pay—me—any—wages!" she gasps.

"In the second place, I must explain that this advertisement here does not set forth my want altogether clearly. I want a housekeeper, it is true; but I want to engage her as my wife, not as a servant."

It is said very quietly and coolly—much as he might, if he chose, have advertised for a wife in that same newspaper.

But Mrs. Anne Brown is not cool; she is not quiet. She has started to her feet, her face in one bright, angry glow.

"You had better advertise again, and this time for a wife. For me, Mr. Marston, I will hire my strength, my life, to the last drop of blood that is in me; but not my love—not even for the children's bread!"

Her voice breaks there, but she keeps back the sobs.

He catches her hands in one of his, while with the other he deftly draws away the spectacles. And when she looks up, in a tremble of indignation, she meets his earnest, honest eyes, with something in them that she understands as well as his words.

"Madge, Madge! you thought you could deceive me with a pair of spectacles and a pair of twins! As if I did not hear of the twins when I came back from the Continent after Mr. Lester's failure, and tried to find you out. But when I came back to look for you, no one could tell me anything about you."

Margaret force herself to look up at him steadily.

"We left London for some time after the failure," she explains. "Papa tried hard to get something to do, but he could not, and his health broke, then mamma's"—

Tears fill the soft brown eyes.

"And you would have really come here as my housekeeper? You would have been a menial here, under my roof, Madge?"

"Why not?" she asks. "I wanted bread for the children. Won't you really listen to my application for the place?"

"I've made my offer," he replies, in the same tone. "Why, Madge, my darling!"—as he sees the hot blood flame up to her brow again—"you can't think that those words—you can't doubt they were meant for you, and meant for you because I love you, and have always loved you, better than my life?"

He has drawn her closer to him now, the brown head, with the rusty black bonnet falling from it, lying on his shoulder.

He knows that he has his housekeeper engaged—New York News.

GRAND DUCHESS SERGIUS.

Noted for Her Beauty and Talents—Strongly Resembles the Czarina.

Elizabeth Feodorovna, the Grand Duchess Sergius of Russia, who was widowed by the bomb of an assassin, is said to be one of the most beautiful and brilliant women in Europe. She is the elder sister of the Czarina and the daughter of the gifted Princess Alice of Hesse-Darmstadt, who was considered the most brilliant of all of the late Queen Victoria's daughters. She is therefore the granddaughter of the late Queen.

The grand duchess is described as possessing delicate, high bred features, a beautiful physique and a regal presence. Her resemblance to her sister, the Czarina, is marked. The grand duchess was born at Darmstadt on November 1, 1864, and is therefore about forty years old. She was only twenty when she was married.

Although both the little German princesses made such grand marriages, neither has had what the average American woman would regard as a happy, domestic life. The Grand Duke Sergius, it is said, was not above treating his wife with the greatest harshness, even to the point of beating her. Indeed, the strong oppositon of Queen Victoria to the marriage of the Czarina to the Czar is said to have been based on the brutality with which the Czar's uncle, the Grand Duke Sergius, had treated his wife.

As the wife of a grand duke, the uncle of the Czar and the Governor General of Moscow, the salon of the grand duchess has been one of the most distinguished in Europe. Foreign artists, actors and singers of celebrity have been always welcome, and private theatricals, generally for some charitable object, have been given frequently, and have formed a leading feature in the Moscow season.

The duchess adds to her other accomplishments that of being a clever amateur actress, and persons qualified to judge who have seen her act say that, had she been born a simple maiden in the middle or poorer walks of life, instead of a princess, she would have won fame and fortune on the stage.

The grand duchess has no children of her own, but she and her husband had adopted two children of his brother Paul, who was banished on account of his morganatic marriage.

DEADHEAD TIMBER.

Recovered Millions of Feet of it from River Bottoms.

The Menominee River, which for half a century has been one of the most noted logging streams in all Michigan, is being forced to give up some of the wealth that has been concealed beneath its waters. "Deadhead" timber representing much money, says a Norway (Mich.) dispatch, has been taken from the river so far this season. Crews of men have been operating through the ice between the first and second dams near the mouth of the stream since the beginning of the winter, hauling out sunken logs and piling them up along the bank to dry. The men have already recovered fully 3,000,000 feet of timber in this manner, and before the break-up in the spring the amount will be heavily added to.

How many million feet of logs lie on the bottom of the stream it is impossible to estimate; yet for the past fifty years timber has been floating down the Menominee and always a certain percentage of it has become watersoaked and sunk, until there is practically no limit to the amount that will steadily be raised from now on.

The "deadheads" are well preserved and are really worth more now than when they disappeared beneath the waters, a poor quality of lumber today commanding a better price than did the best product years ago. At the height of its record as a driving stream, more than 700,000,000 feet of logs were floated down the Menominee in a single season, and the amount has ranged down to probably 50,000,000. It is roughly estimated that enough sunken timber can be recovered to keep a saw mill in operation continually for years to come.

An Automatic Calculator.

To the housewife with a poor head for figures and the jaded business man who has much adding up to do, a new invention from Germany, soon to be placed on the British market should prove a great boon, says the London Express.

The invention is an adding machine made of steel and aluminum. It is about six inches long, and can be carried in its neat leather case in the breast pocket.

There is a keyboard of nine figures, and an extra spring to register the tens and hundreds. Long columns can be added up merely by pressing the keys, and the result is shown on a small dial. The machine will add up to an unlimited amount.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The time wasted by some men in bemoaning their poverty would, if properly utilized, enable them to earn a good living, wisely remarks the Chicago News.

That almost invisible mortality list from disease in the Japanese army is the hardest jolt ever experienced by the medical scientists of civilization, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat thinks.

Birmingham has had a half-million-dollar fire. This nearly puts Birmingham into the Baltimore class of municipalities, states the Atlanta Journal.

Medical societies are urging us to cultivate ambidexterity. In this age of grab, the man who can use but one hand is apt to fare poorly, opines the Washington Post.

A permanent watch is hereafter to be kept on the Frederick the Great statue, states the Buffalo Courier. Thus do gifts bring increased responsibilities and expenses. But better have the cranks try to blow up bronze or stone men than live ones comments the Westchester Globe.

The great majority of homicides, not only here, but in other large cities of the United States, are due directly to the ever ready pistol, says the Chicago Post. Give us the most stringent law practicable for the cure of this great evil. Make the penalty for carrying concealed weapons so severe that even the most hardened criminals will hesitate when tempted to disregard this law.—Chicago Post.

A carriage which belonged to John Sherman, and which, during the greater portion of his public life in Washington, carried most of the presidents for half a century as well as princes, potentates and other persons visiting this country, is doing duty as a hack in Ashland, Ohio. Some of the hacks in this city look as though they might have been in use when General Lafayette visited this city in 1824, the Alexandria (Va.) Gazette comments.

Numerous women in New York contemplate using foreign food products, in preference to domestic, because they believe the latter are generally adulterated, says the Newark (N. J.) Sunday Call. The tariff laws require the importers to mark their goods plainly, and they are liable to seizure if there is deception. The severe laws aganst adulteration in European countries—especially in Germany—also afford protection to consumers which is lacking here.

Part of the British force is still in Tibet, occupied in exploring the great western province opened up by the provisional treaty. Of this region, which extends at least eight hundred miles from Lassa to Gartok, the capital is Tashilumpo. Here the Tashi Lama, now the Dalai Lama's successor, was formerly governor. The monastery of Tashiumpo, here described, is half a mile south of Shigaste. It is finer than the Potala at Lassa and stretches for two miles along the foot of a rugged hill, and up the south side, dominated on the east by an immense jong, or fort. No white man has been there since 1783, but the Tibetans have welcomed the Further Mission most cordially, and have provided the members with an escort.

Trees have usually been considered safe recipients of all forms of confidential communications and valuable secrets. Never since the world began, until now, have they been indiscreetly loquacious. The communicative tree at Paducah which challenges attention by an explosion and then in audible and articulate language proclaims that there is buried at its roots treasure worth seeking, is perhaps not a normal tree. It certainly is not behaving as a well-conducted tree should, and if it is true that it has been killed by the trampling of the multitudes which have come to hear it proclaim its secret, the general verdict will be that it served it right. That it keeps on talking though dead is disquieting. Obviously its reputation for veracity is not good. No one appears to believe what it says, and if the treasure it tells about is really at its roots, it is probably in the safest place which could be found for it.

The London Spectator says our judges lack the standing and prestige that the English judges have, and that rich men dare not openly defy the law in England as they do in America. There is some truth in that, admits Harper's Weekly. Success in money making has overshadowed all other kinds of distinction in this country in the last forty years, and besides that, there is not the same reverence for official power and place in this country that there is in England. England is still an aristocracy, where inferors instinctively look up to their superiors. Part of the prestige of the British judges is due to the habits of mind of the population they help to rule. Our democratic communities will hardly be induced to regard with like awe the judges who serve them, however worthy they may be of the highest respect. Our judges, as it is, unquestionably make themselves respected, but we think it is true that an American judge is not, relatively, as big a man as he was forty years ago.

TOOK LONG JOURNEY ALONE.

Child of 8 Travels From Hungary to Pittsburg Wearing Tag.

After being separated by thousands of miles from her family, 8-year-old Marie Majunsz met her mother for the first time in four years at Union station yesterday, says a dispatch from Pittsburg, Pa. A tag, labeled with the tot's name and the Pittsburg address of her family, 802 Shelby avenue, was her only identification on the long journey by sea and land from the interior of Hungary to the arms of her mother in Pittsburg.

Passengers and employes were affected at the scene between mother and daughter, and although none could understand their Hungarian exclamations of joy, all knew the English equivalents. Seven years ago the father came to America, and after three years of hard work sent for his wife. Both worked hard to bring the child across the water, and about three months ago the money for the passage was sent her. Officialdom met the child more than half-way, and her path was paved with kindness.

Bears Invade a City.

The residents of the western part of Ukiah were thrown into a panic yesterday by the appearance of two large black bears that appeared at the home of M. Sloper, just inside the city limits, next to the mountains.

The heavy snow had driven the bears down in search of food, and Sloper's place was the first to meet their gaze.

Mrs. Sloper was at work in the house when suddenly she heard the screams of her little daughter, who was playing in the yard, and rushed out to see what the matter was. She saw the black beasts only a few yards from her child, trotting toward her.

She promptly picked the child up and ran into the house, the animals following her up onto the porch.

Mrs. Sloper quickly telephoned for help and a posse of men with dogs arrived to dispatch the unwelcome visitors, but in the meantime the bears had left for the mountains. The search was kept up all day, but the intruders could not be found—Sacramento Bee.

"Pious" Parrots.

Parrots are such close observers and keen mimics that it would be surprising if birds in the households of clergymen and ministers did not repeat special phrases at proper times. Indeed, it would be as well not to hold family worship with a speaking parrot in the room. There was no harm in the bird that sang in good time and tune "There is a happy land." But other feats of imitativeness might easily offend. Parrots uttering responses, or bits of the creed, or scraps of prayer—as several have been known to do—especially at unseasonable moments, are apt to vex rather than amuse, though, of course, the birds do not mean to be irreverent. A bishop's parrot used to ejaculate "Let us pray," sometimes in devout tones, at other times mockingly, and the bishop could hardly have liked it.

Taste and Smell in Sexes.

MM. Vaschide and Toulouse have shown by experiments that women have a finer sense of smell than men. This is true not only for the sensation itself, but the recognition of odors. Their results were originally communicated to the Society of Biology, France. M. Vaschide has now extended his researches to the sense of taste in men and women. The tests were strictly defined, a drop of liquid being placed on the tongue in each case, then pressed against the palate. The general result was that a man has a finer taste for salt than a woman. So has he for bitter. For sweet and acid men and women have an almost equal sensibility, both in sensation and perception.

Half-Pound Baby Doing Well.

Little Bridget Maud, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Clinch of Norwalk, Conn., who when born weighed just half a pound, has lived now for something over a month, weighs five pounds and is healthy.

ATTORNEYS.

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TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 80. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.23 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 2.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 81. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.		
P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35	
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25	
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 19	
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14	
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06	
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54	
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46	
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19	
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10	
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02	
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54	
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48	
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41	
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36	
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30	
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25	
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21	
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17	
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08	
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05	
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00	

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.20 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.08 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.08 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.				June 18, 1904.		Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5				No 6	No 4	No 2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv.		Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE			9 35	5 10	9 55
7 11	2 41	6 51	Nigh			9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	Zion			9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	Hecla Park			9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	Dunkles			9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG			9 04	4 38	9 03
7 33	3 03	7 14	Snydertown			9 01	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	Nittany			8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	Huston			8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	LAMAR			8 54	4 25	8 50
7 43	3 13	7 25	Clintondale			8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring			8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville			8 43	4 13	8 38
7 57	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs			8 37	4 07	8 33
8 00	3 30	7 42	Salona			8 35	4 05	8 30
8 05	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL			8 30	4 00	8 25
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)								
11 45		8 35		Jersey Shore		3 15	7 40	
12 20		9 10	Arr.	W'msport	Lve	2 40	7 10	
12 29		11 30	Lve.	W'msport	Arr.	2 25	6 50	
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)								
7 30		6 50		PHILA		3 30	11 30	
10 40		9 02		NEW YORK		4 25	7 30	
(Via Philad.)								
P. M.		A. M.				A. M.		P. M.
10 46			Ar.	New York	Lv.	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)								

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900: when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Harris Township.

Mrs. J. F. Stover, of Bellefonte, visited her sister, Mrs. Bricker.

Miss Maude Kimport has gone to Bellefonte for an indefinite period of time.

J. B. Felty was a visitor from Altoona.

J. Bitner, of Armstrong county, visited friends in this place.

Prof. Ed. Myers and family, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday here.

James Musser, of Snow Shoe, was around buying beef cattle.

Misses Isabel and Margaret Miller are staying at State College for a few weeks.

A foreign missionary service will be held in the Reformed church Sunday evening.

John Strouse and Frank McFarlane purchased horses at James Thompson's sale.

Mr. and Mrs. David Tressler and daughter Bertha, of Pine Hall, spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Cole, after spending the winter with her son at State College, returned to her home at Boalsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fishburn, of Ferguson township, were visitors at J. Henry Meyer's on Friday.

Nathan Dale, of Pleasant Gap, and Mr. Musser, of Altoona, were visitors at the home of George Kaup.

Mr. Scott, of Chicago, and H. Baumgardner, of Bellefonte, representing the U. S. Packing Co., were here.

Mrs. Margaret Kuhn and Mrs. Sara Weber visited at the home of S. E. Kimport at State College, Thursday.

Mrs. Loesch and daughter Annie, Miss Emma Hoy and Miss Lizzie Markle, of Pine Hall, spent Tuesday of last week in this place.

The families who changed their places of residence during the past week were J. W. Miller, Mrs. Margaret Miller and William Stover.

Mrs. Harriet Fortney visited the family of J. D. Wagner, in Bellefonte. Her daughter, Mrs. Wagner, had the misfortune to fall and break both her wrists.

John Everhart and son John, of near Franklinville, Huntingdon county, attended the Thompson sale, at Centre Furnace, Saturday, and enjoyed the evening with friends in Boalsburg.

Ladies' fine shoes will be sold at a great sacrifice. Yeager & Davis.

Come to our closing out sale, it will pay you. Yeager & Davis.

Coburn.

W. H. Grove is all smiles since the arrival of a baby girl.

Those who were afflicted with scarlet fever are all out of danger.

Mrs. F. P. Vonada, who had been ill the past week, is again able to be out.

Mrs. Mary Meyer, who has her home with her son Thomas, is ill from lung fever.

Quite a number from here attended J. M. Stover's sale, along Pine Creek, on Friday.

Mrs. Harry Leitzel and Mrs. Maggie Hosterman, of Millheim, visited at the homes of J. A. Miller and L. H. Stover on Tuesday.

The Everett auction was well attended Saturday evening, that being the last evening of the sale. Things brought fair prices.

It is rumored that a shirt factory is to be started at Coburn. Thirty ladies are wanted to work in the factory, and twenty-nine have been secured.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Miller are making their last visit to the former's parents at Hublersburg, before leaving for their future home in New York.

There will be quite a few changes in town this spring. Luther Weaver will move on the Weaver farm, near Woodward, and W. Sholter will occupy the house thus made vacant. These are the only ones to move at present.

Big saving in shoes. Yeager & Davis.

Men's leather boots at your own price. Yeager & Davis.

HORSE FOR SALE.—A horse, ten years old, for sale. Call at this office.

Time may heal wounds, but it takes its time about it.

Linden Hall.

B. F. Homan returned from Philadelphia where he had gone with his niece, Mrs. Hannah Stover, who had taken her infant son to the Medico-Chi. hospital to have his eyes operated on. The child has had a growth over the eyeballs, which obscures its sight. The doctors advised waiting until the child is older before subjecting it to the operation.

Mrs. Joshua T. Potter was in town Saturday for a short time.

William Ingram moved from Thomas Decker's farm, near State College, to William Tate's house where he will take charge of the farm work. He will move into the house which Aaron Lutz will vacate in a few weeks.

J. S. Miller, of the Glades, visited his sister here last week.

Mrs. J. H. Ross is in Bellefonte this week assisting her sister, Mrs. S. E. Goss, who is getting ready to move into a new house on Bishop street.

Horses are in demand in this section and are bringing fancy prices. Frank McClintic bought Wm. Brook's team of blacks, and Elmer Campbell bought a horse from Mr. Shuey, of Houserville.

Clyde Steni expects to go to farming on the Geiss farm, south of town.

Samuel Reitz Tuesday returned from Northumberland county, where he has been for about a year.

Rebersburg.

Grip and pink-eye are epidemic in this vicinity.

Mrs. Lotty Torbert and son Paul, of New Berlin, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Mallory, in this place.

Misses Maude Ocker and Bessie Scholl, of Bellefonte, for several days visited at this place.

Tom Stover, the Livonia real estate agent, is here to consummate the sale of some valuable timber land near the village of Smullton.

John Harter recently placed a fine piano in his home. He has also taken the agency for the sale of organs.

The lecture given in the Reformed church, Friday evening, by Mrs. Ollie Brokaw, was well attended.

William Shultz, of this place, rented a farm at Logan Mills. Mick Wantz, of Smullton, will move into the house Mr. Shultz vacated.

Reuben Bierly is finishing his new house which is to be occupied by Rev. Haas, the Evangelical minister.

David Schrack is making preparations to move on his farm in Sugar Valley.

Mr. Breon, the Millheim fire insurance agent, was in town one day last week.

Millheim.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyers visited friends at Baileyville, Saturday and Sunday.

John W. Bickell, who is representing the Scranton Correspondence School, had been circulating among the pupils in and around Millheim.

Lester Musser left on Wednesday morning for Williamsport and Renovo where he will remain for some time.

Miss Maude Stover, of Lamar, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. E. Gutelius.

Harry, son of P. H. Shires, fell and cut his face so badly that the services of a surgeon were required.

Among those who attended the party held at the home of A. Walters were, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Smith and Mrs. Charlotte Harter, of State College; Prof. S. Ward Gramley and sister, Miss Orpha Gramley, of Spring Mills.

John Stoner made a business trip to Bellefonte, Friday.

Mrs. S. R. King visited friends at Aaronsburg, Friday.

Ellis Shaffer and George Homan were to Bellefonte, Friday.

Harry Schlegal, of Washington, D. C., has arrived to buy another carload of horses for his stables in that place.

Elmer Knarr, who had gone to Danville on Wednesday to have an operation performed, returned Saturday and is able to be about.

Woodward.

John J. Orndorf and C. D. Motz were to Aaronsburg on Monday.

Charles Hosterman went to Buffalo, N. Y., Monday morning.

J. B. Gentzel lost a valuable cow last Sunday.

Among those on the sick list are S. M. Motz, Mrs. James Smith, Mrs. R. M. Wolfe and Mrs. Noah Eby.

Prof. Edgar Stover, wife and daughter Grace visited the lady's parents.

Nicodemus Lose moved to Spring Mills on Tuesday.

Herb. Condo and wife, of Aaronsburg, visited the latter's parents one day last week.

Charles Wolfe, of Aaronsburg, and Charles Miller, of Rebersburg, were visitors in town Monday.

Oliver Edmunds is spending a few days with Herbert Hosterman.

There will be services in both churches Sunday forenoon.

What a fine thing it would be if people didn't start to sing until they knew how.

When a girl refuses to play popular airs she feels that she is getting along in music.

Spring Mills.

Jerry Zettle aroused the curiosity of the people on Saturday by bringing to town an otter which he captured in a trap along Penns Creek, at Paddy Mountain. It was a nice size, and is a very rare animal in this part of the country.

Grover Gentzel, of Altoona, spent a few days at his parental home.

D. W. Sweetwood left on Monday for Centre Hall, where he will be employed as sawyer by Brisbin & Bradford.

George Gentzel spent last week in Bellefonte.

Mrs. J. R. G. Allison, of Centre Hall, was a guest at the home of C. P. Long, Friday.

A. C. Dunlap will build a barber shop and jewelry store on his lot this spring.

C. E. Zeigler and family spent Sunday at Millheim.

The High School was closed Monday, owing to a meeting of the county auditors, at which Prof. Hosterman was present.

Miss Carrie Gentzel spent a few weeks visiting friends and relatives in Bellefonte.

Rev. Bierly and family left last Tuesday for Millmont, which is to be their future home. Rev. Snyder, his successor, is expected during the coming week.

Miss Mabel Allison witnessed the Boomerang, given in Bellefonte, last Monday night, by the Thespians, of State College.

Last Tuesday 'Squire Grenoble and family moved to Yeagertown. All were sorry to see them leave.

Rev. Haney, the new pastor of the Evangelical Association, preached a very interesting and elevating sermon in the church at this place, Sunday morning.

Ellis Shaffer, Democratic candidate for nomination of sheriff, was here during the week. Mr. Shaffer has many friends in this and Brush Valley.

Moving time is rapidly approaching, and there will be a number of changes in the village. Dwellings are unusually scarce, and some families will be compelled to move in with others.

Miss Houtz, recently appointed assistant postmistress by Postmaster Krape, is quite an accomplished young lady and discharges the duties of the office very pleasantly, having won "golden opinion from all sorts of people" by her obliging manner. Mr. Krape has made no mistake in this appointment.

Penn Hall.

Only about three more weeks of school.

Miss Bessie Cooney, of Tusseyville, is visiting at the home of Andrew Zettle.

F. M. Fisher and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Keller, near Centre Hall.

After a week's illness, Mrs Lewis Rossman is slowly improving.

The Challange band will give an entertainment in the town hall, at Millheim, Saturday.

J. C. Condo, the carriage dealer, received a car load of vehicles from the Hopp Carriage Co., Mifflinburg, consisting of canopy top spring wagons, buggies, carriages, etc. Those in need of a first class rig should consult Mr. Condo.

The Great Sunday N. A.

Old Doctor Domehead, of "science simplified":
He couldn't build a hencoop, by jingo, if he tried,
But dabbles deep in science—solves mighty problems, and
Each week instructs his class of three,
"But—on the other hand—"

If you have the blues, consult old "Doc" Domehead; if fortune has frowned on you, consult "Doc" Domehead; if SHE has failed to smile, consult "Doc" Domehead. He is an advocate of the Simple Life, and his specialty is "Science Made Simple." He will make you laugh in spite of yourself, and will cure all your ills with the antics of himself and his class.

Doctor Domehead's class has taken the leading position in the Philadelphia Sunday North American's Comic Supplement.

You will get more fun out of these pictures than you ever had in your life out of a funny paper.

It is a new comic page that is really funny—a page with a laugh in every line.

With old Doctor are Phoebe Ann, a scientific maiden; a fourteen-carat cut-up whose name is Dennis, and a studious Walter Longlegs—he's a "yes, sir" proposition—who, as the class, add to the gayety of every situation.

The Doctor knows his business; he shows that at the start—"but—on the other hand"—there you get right down to the point, and, as the wily press agent is wont to declare, the point "must be seen to be appreciated" and to appreciate it thoroughly you should become one of the Doctor's patients at once.

NOTICE is hereby given that H. B. Moyer will quit the milling on the 1st day of April, 1905, and the firm of J. A. Kline & Son will take possession on that day and all business will be looked after with care. Those knowing themselves indebted to me will please settle accounts on or before April 1, 1905. Thanking you for past favors and soliciting your patronage for my successors I beg to remain

H. B. MOYER.

Millheim, Pa., March 15, 1905.

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Maria Weaver, of near Coburn, was a guest of Mrs. Kizzie Swabb.

Paul Swabb, of near Penn Hall, visited his mother a few hours Saturday.

Lyman Hafley has returned home, after having been several years in Illinois.

The sale of John C. Stover's personal property will take place Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Jamison and Mrs. Medaria, of Coburn, spent a few days with Mrs. Lydia Frank.

Miss Kathryn Bower has gone to stay a few months with friends at State College.

Miss Elizabeth Edmunds has gone to spend a few months among friends in Odell, Ill.

Thomas Hull and daughter Jennie were guests of Rev. McIlnay at Spring Mills, one day last week.

Prof. E. S. Stover and family were the guests of Charles Hosterman, at Woodward, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Haugh, of Spring Mills, spent Sunday with Merchant J. H. Detwiler.

Mrs. B. F. Stover and daughter spent a day last week with the former's brother, Emanuel Guisewite.

Mrs. Mary Audrey, of Bellefonte; Mr. and Mrs. John Grenoble are visiting the ladies' father, J. C. Stover.

Edwin K. Smith, of Oak Hall, was down to attend the examination of the Bible normal class, which was held Monday evening.

Spring Time in Florida and the South.

This is one of the most delightful seasons of the whole year to visit Florida and the famous resorts of Pinehurst, N. C., Camden, S. C., and others of the wonderful Southland, reached most directly by the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the shortest and quickest route between the North and South.

Three through Pullman trains daily, including the famous Seaboard Florida Limited, the quickest train ever operated between New York and Florida and without change of passengers or baggage. Winter excursion rates now in effect. Special stop-over privileges. Excellent Dining car service on all trains. Two trains daily to Atlanta for New Orleans, Birmingham and all points in the South-west.

Write for rates, schedules, illustrated booklets and other information.

J. J. PULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall this week.

Men's working shoes at a big reduction. Yeager & Davis.

Felt shoes and slippers at an immense sacrifice. Yeager & Davis.

Ayer's

One dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. No bronchitis. A

Cherry Pectoral

doctor's medicine for all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs. Sold for over 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for eight years. There is nothing equal to it for coughs and colds, especially for children."—MRS. W. H. BRYNER, Shelby, Ala.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Night Coughs

Keep the bowels open with one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime. Just one.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Stations		Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5			No 6	No 4	No 2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv.	Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 20	6 40	BELLEFONTE		9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51	High		9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56	Zion		9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 58	7 03	Hecla Park		8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05	Dunkles		8 55	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG		8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14	Snydertown		8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16	Nittany		8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19	Huston		8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23	LAMAR		8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 25	Clintondale		8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring		8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville		8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs		8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42	Salona		8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL		8 15	4 00	8 33

(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)

11 45		8 38		Jersey Shore		3 16	7 50
12 20		9 10	Arr.	Williamsport	Lve	2 40	7 20
12 29		11 20	Lve.	Williamsport	Arr.	2 25	6 50

(Philad. & Reading Ry.)

7 30	6 50		PHILA		8 36	11 30
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK (Via Philad.)		4 30	7 30
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.		P.M.
10 40			Ar New York (Via Tamaqua)	Lv	4 00	

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD. Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
PM.	P. M	AM	Ar. Lv.	AM	AM	PM
6 30	2 25	8 50	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 00
6 15	2 10	8 40	Coleville	6 35	10 37	4 07
6 12	2 07	8 37	Morris	6 38	10 42	4 10
6 08	2 02	8 35	Stevens	6 43	10 47	4 15
6 05	1 55	8 31	Hunters	6 46	10 51	4 18
6 03	1 51	8 28	Fillmore	6 50	10 56	4 21
5 59	1 45	8 24	Briarly	6 55	11 02	4 25
5 55	1 40	8 20	Waddles	7 00	11 05	4 28
5 37	1 22	8 07	Krumrine	7 12	11 20	4 40
5 30	1 15	8 00	State College	7 25	11 35	4 45
5 10		7 45	Struble	7 27		4 50
5 05		7 40	Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 55
5 00		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		5 00

Stoves at a Reduction

We have a few stoves left over from the Winter stock that we will sell cheap, so as to make room for Spring and Summer goods.

Graniteware and Tinware

We have the finest line of Graniteware that can be seen anywhere in the county. Also a full line of Tinware and Cooking Utensils.

Slate and Iron Roofing

We are always prepared to do Slating. Also furnishing and putting on Iron Roofing. Spouting, either Tin or Galvinized Iron. Give us a call and be convinced.

...J. A. REESMAN...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Our New Spring Clothing
Hats & Men's Furnishing Goods

ARE NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION AND SALE . . . . .

We have never gone into these articles so extensively and so carefully. Be assured of our earnest effort to please all of our friends and customers in quality, style, fit and price.

...SPORTING GOODS...

We have larger lines of Sporting Goods than in any former season.

MERCHANT TAILORING in all its Branches.

Manhattan Shirts and Guyer Hats.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

...O. T. CORMAN...
SPRING MILLS

Being headquarters for holiday goods and having done a very large business, the remaining goods—left over—I am now selling at ridiculously low prices. Such as dolls, go-carts, wagons, barrows, horses and a large quantity of toy candy, games, ornaments, novelties, etc., will be sold absolutely regardless of cost to close out the entire stock. All the holiday goods must be sold to make room for general merchandise.

Now is your opportunity to buy goods at your own prices. My counters are lined with the greatest bargains you ever saw. Why pay fancy prices at other stores when you can buy goods here at about half their value? An examination will convince you.

Candies and Confectionary

Just received another lot of choice candies and confectionary, consisting of chocolates, vanilla almonds, creams, mints, cocoanut, Spanish bon-bons, French mixture. Fine confectionary in boxes, and a large assortment of stick and toy candies. English walnuts, paper shell almonds and Pecan nuts, also a very large assortment of fancy cakes, oranges, lemons, bananas and table raisins.

Jewelry

Also an elegant array of fine Jewelry—chains, rings, seals, brooches, cuff and collar buttons, and infants' neck chains.

Notions and Dry Goods

An invoice of notions just opened and now displayed on the counters. Gloves, mittens, neckwear, collars, 'kerchiefs and fine umbrellas. Dry goods department has also been replenished with a line of elegant dress goods in all the beautiful fall and winter shades, also gingham, muslin and a choice line of superb woolen blankets.

Groceries

My groceries are all fresh and carefully selected. In addition to regular sugar, coffee and spices I have a very desirable line of breakfast foods, canned goods, table oil, olives and sardines.

Glass and Queensware

My stock of glass and queensware is very complete. Elegant dinner and tea sets, from 75 to 125 pieces; cut glass, beautiful lamps and fine Bohemian and Japanese shades.

To save money and to have a clean job of PAPER HANGING or PAINTING done, go to—

..P. R. Auman..
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Wall Paper Furnished at 3c. per Bolt and Up. . . .

LADIES

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator

Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, druggists or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.

Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 65
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	25
Potatoes	30	Eggs	15

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND **Granite.**
Don't fail to get my prices.

LOCALS.

March is half over.

Howard Homan, of Altoona, is in town.

The Grange library will be open Saturday from four to five o'clock.

Rev. S. Aurand, of Millmont, has retired from the active ministry.

There will be few, if any, houses vacant in Centre Hall after the first of April.

Charles E. Gramley changed his address from Lamar, Missouri, to Bosworth Missouri.

Rawhide whips, 20 cents, sweat pads for heavy work, 25 cents. This a cut from the regular price—D. A. Boozer.

Tax Collector J. B. Spangler, of Tussyville, was in town last week and favored the Reporter with his presence.

The latter part of last week was rainy, which swelled the streams and furnished a water supply to many localities badly in need of it.

J. H. Smetzler, of near Potters Mills was a caller Thursday of last week. Mr. Smetzler was just recovering from a brief but rather severe illness.

The Bellefonte dairymen have organized, and have resolved not to sell to customers who are indebted to another member of the organization.

Herbert Swartz and niece, Miss Prudence Swartz, visited relatives and friends at Madisonburg, and attended the birth day party given in honor of the latter's brother, Frank Swartz.

Marietta Holley, better known as "Samantha," or "Josiah Allen's Wife," is writing regularly for The Pittsburg Sunday Dispatch. "Rival Suitors" is the subject of her article next Sunday.

R. C. Palmer, of near Linden Hall, called at the Reporter office long enough to say that he was in the carpet weaving business, and that he would soon begin his regular tour of the country in quest of wool, which he ships to Baltimore.

The Reporters addressed to points between Montandon and Spring Mills, were delayed last week from the morning until the afternoon train on account of a blunder made by the mail department. The Reporter was in no way responsible for the delay.

After an absence of several months, Julian Fleming returned to Centre Hall Monday evening. Among other places where he spent his time were Washington, D. C., and New York. At the former place his son, Malcolm D. Fleming, conducts a large tailoring establishment at which the most fashionable clothing is made.

J. Frank Rearick, formerly of Spring Mills, but later of Lewisburg, has changed his location to Elizabethtown, where, like at the former places, he is doing business for the Sober & Porter acetylene generator manufacturers. He finds business good at Elizabethtown and says the Reporter is interesting to him each week.

Ladies who are anxious to get the latest patterns and styles in ready-made spring suits, spring coats, rain coats, silk waists, walking skirts, etc., should call on the Misses Geiss, who have the agency for the well-known Chicago firm of Edward B. Grossman & Co. See their advertisement in another column.

A. C. Dunlap, the Spring Mills barber and jeweler, is contemplating the erection of a barber shop on his own property south of C. P. Long's store, and was in town last week looking after building material to be used in the construction of the same. Mr. Dunlap is doing considerable business in both the jewelry and tonsorial line.

J. R. Wyle, formerly of Aaronsburg, who now holds an important position in the Huntingdon Reformatory, received this notice in the Huntingdon Semi-Weekly News of Monday: Officer Wyle's illness has developed in a aggravated attack of quinsy, and his condition was considered critical the early part of the week, but at this writing an improvement is reported.

Among those who will quit the farm this spring is Joseph Carson, who sold his farm stock and implements to his brother, Frank A. Carson. This action was taken on account of Mr. Carson's poor health. He will move to Potters Mills. Merchant Carson intends hiring a man to do the work by the month, and will oversee much of the farm work himself.

H. B. Moyer, of Millheim, publishes a card in this issue setting forth the fact that the Centre Mills Flouring Mills, after the first of April will be under the management of J. A. Kline & Son, and that all the business at the mill will receive their careful and prompt attention. Mr. Moyer also states that the books, accounts, etc., are in his hands for settlement.

John D. Miller, a staunch Walker township Democrat, was on the South side of Centre county the latter part of last week to size up the political situation so far as it concerns the selection of a candidate for the office of county treasurer. Mr. Miller's announcement as a candidate for the office named will be found among the announcements in this issue. He is abundantly able to fill the office of treasurer, and like all the candidates so far in the field for the various offices, would be a credit to the party if nominated.

Penns Cave Sale.

Penns Cave and the Long farm will be offered at a postponed sale, Saturday, April 8, ten o'clock, at Penns Cave.

Death of a Child.

John Jacob, the five months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Kerlin, died Monday morning after a brief illness. Interment took place Wednesday afternoon, Rev. J. M. Rearick officiating.

Hand Mangled.

A serious accident happened to A. F. Harter, who operates the planing mill for A. A. Frank at Millheim. Mr. Harter accidentally got his hand against the saw, and the consequences were that the member was badly mangled.

Marriage Licenses.

Emory Cole, Philipsburg.
Mary Wilson, Bellefonte.

James E Jones, Philipsburg.
Charlotte Carlson, S. Philipsburg.

Arthur S. Eathurst, Roland.
Stella M. Hayes, Bellefonte.

Earl M. Archey, Wall.
Verda I. Long, Nittany.

Horse Sale at Millheim.

Messrs. Gentzell and Beezer will sell a car load of horses at the Musser House, Millheim, Saturday, March 25th, at 12:30 o'clock. The animals consist mostly of heavy draught horses, together with a few all purpose and driving horses. This is a select lot of horses and should command the attention of horsemen.

Mrs. Hettie Long Dead.

Mrs. Hettie Long died at her home on the Isaac Tressler estate, near Linden Hall, Tuesday night, after an illness of one month due to age.

Mrs. Long is the last member of the Leech family, who were among the early settlers in Penns Valley. She spent almost her entire life on the Leech homestead, north of Linden Hall. Her age was eighty-eight years.

The deceased is survived by one son, Andrew Long, of near Spring Mills.

For the Hunter and Smoker.

A measure has been introduced in the legislature making it unlawful to hunt on cultivated lands or timber tracts without consent of the owner.

The Senate passed the House bill amending the act prohibiting the sale of cigarettes or cigarette paper to persons under twenty-one years of age so as to make it a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of from $100 to $300 for a person merely to give a cigarette or cigarette paper to a minor.

Married Sixty-two Years.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Weaver, of Rebersburg, celebrated the sixty-second anniversary of their marriage Sunday. Mr. Weaver was born just east of Rebersburg, October 21, 1821, and Mrs. Weaver, (Sarah Harper) was born near the same place, June 24, 1824. They belong to pioneer families of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Weaver have three children: Fietta, wife of S. Krumrine; Joanna, wife of County Superintendent C. L. Gramley; and Miss Della J., all of Rebersburg.

Do You Want to Make Money?

Of course you do. Let us help you Sell your cream, eggs and poultry to us and we guarantee that you will be pleased with the returns. Compare our prices with others buying cream, and you will be convinced that we can make money for you. We are now opening new cream routes. If our driver does not pass your place, drop us a line and we will have him call. We always pay the highest market prices for eggs, chickens, ducks and turkeys.

THE HOWARD CREAMERY CORP.
Office—Bellefonte, Pa.

LOCALS.

The jury list appears in this issue.

Henry Moyer, of Colyer, is seriously ill.

Miss Ettie and Elmer Musser, of near Zion, were guests at the home of P. A. Auman, near Centre Hall.

Mrs. Catharine Musselman and daughter, Mrs. Charles Decker, of Butler, Missouri, came east a few days ago. The former is in Centre Hall and the latter at Lemont. Mr. and Mrs. Decker will locate in Illinois this spring.

The announcement of Capt. W. H. Fry, of Ferguson township for the office of county commissioner appears in another column. The captain has been a life long Democrat and if nominated and elected would make an efficient officer.

Attention is called to the advertisement of D. A. Boozer, saddler, who is offering special bargains in a number of articles particularly useful this time of the year. He gives a few prices to convince the reader that he means to sell at a great reduction.

In the novelette which opens the April Smart Set, Grace MacGowan Cooke has struck an entirely new note in fiction. It is a story of the West, so saturated with the atmosphere of that part of our country and so photographic in its depiction of ranch life that it will take high rank among the best tales of that class.

LOCALS.

Even the matrimonial knot is apt to come untied.

S. Elmer Ishler this week moves from Potters Mills to Oak Hall.

Wm. Bressler moves from Oak Hall to Pennsylvania Furnace this week.

Why buy old, wornout harness at new harness prices? Get prices from D. A. Boozer.

Mrs. Sarah Durst returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Musser, in Clearfield.

It is natural that the kangaroo effect should be followed by the baboon effect, if not the antics.

Mrs. J. W. Shook announces that she will open an ice cream parlor. See advertisement on last page.

Capt. W. H. Fry sold farm horses to Messrs. W. S. Walker and Howard Zeigler, west of Centre Hall.

W. O. Gramley, of Spring Mills, advertises a driving horse, refrigerator, butter-worker, and White Leghorn eggs for sale.

The First National Banking Company, of Tyrone, will this summer erect a fine bank building costing $100,000 opposite its present location.

P. Gross Yearick, of Philadelphia, visited his mother, Mrs. Phoebe Yearick and sister, Mrs. W. B. Mingle, in this place, the latter part of last week.

Diamond Black harness oil, five kinds of axle grease, a full line of Dr. Daniels' Remedies, the best stock of poultry food in the market—D. A. Boozer.

James S. Stahl suffered the loss of a fine jersey cow, I. A. Shawver the old gray family horse, and John Williams a cow. The latter became paralyzed while stranded in a snow drift.

Robins put in their appearance the latter part of last week. The red breast is always a welcome bird, and the first chirps of the very innocent of the feathery tribe arouse the feeling that spring is near at hand.

Rev. W. M. Rearick, of West Milton, Monday morning stopped with his brother, Rev. J. M. Rearick, in this place, on his way home from Bellefonte where he filled the appointments in the Lutheran church.

John Rishel is making a tour of the country dishorning cattle. He is well equipped to do the work. While dishorning is apparently cruel, cattle will do much better without their weapons of defense than with them.

The dwelling house of Jacob H. Close, of near Mifflinburg, was destroyed by fire last week. The fire originated on the second story of an out kitchen. The loss was about $2000, with insurance for half that sum.

During the absence of R. E. Catherman, at Philadelphia, the Spring Mills railroad station is under the care of C. F. Kerstetter, an extra agent with quarters at Williamsport. He, of course, is ably assisted by Theodore Brown, a student.

Pine Stump.

John Eckley, of Yarnell, spent several days at the home of Jacob Walker.

Claude Williams spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Williams.

Benner Walker and son, Frank, of Pine Glenn, spent several days at the home of the former's father, Jacob Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moyer spent several days, last week, at Spring Mills.

FOR COMMISSIONER: WM. H. FRY.

We are authorized to announce that William H. Fry, of Ferguson township, is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

D. A. BOOZER
...SADDLER...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Before you buy, take a look through the only completely stocked Harness Shop in Penns Valley. You can see anything in the Harness line. The goods and prices can not be beaten. . . .

HARNESS

We always have in stock a full and complete line of Harness, both for heavy and light use, hand and factory made. Also, collars, bridles, lines, tie straps, halters, rings, buckles, etc. In fact, everything needed in the saddelry line

A FEW PRICES

Raw Hide Whips	20 Cts.
Heavy Draught Collars	$1.00 and up
Brown and White Sweat Pads for Heavy Work	25 Cts.
Heavy Wooden Hames	50c, 75c, $1.00
Harness Oil	60c per Gallon
Trace Chains	70 Cts.
Buggy Harness	$9.00

BLANKETS AND ROBES

A little late in the season, but you can have Blankets and Robes at cost, which warrants buying now.

Stock Food—The best on the market, 5 Cents per Lb.

A Full Line of Dr. Daniels' Remedies. . . .

BEFORE MAKING YOUR PURCHASE call to see me, look over the stock and get prices.

LOCALS.

A college diploma doesn't necessarily give a fellow diplomacy.

Progress Grange will meet in their hall Saturday afternoon at one o'clock.

B. F. Homan, of Oak Hall Station, Pa., is always ready and pleased to wait on persons interested in the National Cream Separator. This machine, while retaining its former good principles, is now improved. It is low down. It is acknowledged as the leading separator, in simplicity, fewness of parts, ease in turning and washing, and best of all, endurance and closeness in skimming.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Men's $4 shoes will be $3 at the closing out sale. Yeager & Davis.

Remember everything will be reduced. Yeager & Davis.

NEW
Spring
Goods

We have just received a lot of New Spring Good—DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, ETC.

JOHNSON BROS.
QUEENSWARE

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets and Toilet Sets all in best white fancy ware.

Come and see.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

...LEE'S...
NEW LIFE TEA
ALWAYS CURES
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
SICK HEADACHE,

And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address, John D. Langham, Holley, N. Y.

For sale by J. Frank Smith, Centre Hall, Pa

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .

....C. A. KRAPE....
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Kreamer & Son

All the Staple Goods

Will be found at our Store, and the prices on these as well as on all other goods are marked and sold at the lowest possible figure.

Groceries, including the various breakfast foods, crackers, biscuits, coffee substitutes, etc., are offered in variety.

Rubber Goods, Felts, Working Shirts, Overalls, Shoes for all, etc.

We will be pleased to have at least a portion of your trade. We will aim to use you fair.

F. E. Wieland, Linden Hall.

In order to make room for SPRING GOODS, will sell . . . . .

Heavy Winter Underwear, Shoes and Rubbers
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

JUST RECEIVED NEW PERCALS and GINGHAMS

Which I will sell at Prices that will Astonish You.

NICE RICE . . . . . 8 LBS. 25 CENTS
BANNER LYE . . . . . 8 CENTS PER BOX
FANCY CANNED CORN . . . . . 9 CENTS

The Finest CALIFORNIA FRUITS—PEACHES, PRUNES, APRICOTS, AND A SEEDLESS RAISIN, AT REASONABLE PRICES.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills
J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR
and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

OVER 76 MILLIONS
Represented in the
FREDERICK
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AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....

The Largest and Best
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Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
No Mutuals
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Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.

Money to Loan on First Mortgage

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BELLEFONTE, PA.
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...Pianos and Organs...

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass.; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, Pa., as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.
THE LAWRENCE 7-OCTAVE ORGAN is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.

C. E. ZEIGLER, SPRING MILLS, PA.

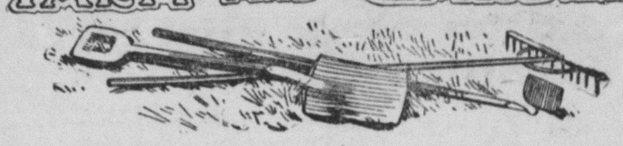
Ayer's Pills
The great rule of health—Keep the bowels regular. And the great medicine—Ayer's Pills.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE
FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

STOP THAT COUGH with JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

An almost infallible remedy for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known and used the world over for [illegible] century.

FARM AND GARDEN



TESTING COWS.

A correspondent of the Michigan Farmer inquired if it was practical to weigh and take a sample of each cow's milk night and morning and test same one per month in a herd of ten cows and was replied to as follows:

It is practical to weigh the milk at each milking and this ought to be done. I think milkers will take enough more pains in milking, where they weigh and record the weight of milk each time, to pay well for the time spent in the practice. If a sample of milk is taken from each milking and then a composite test made each week, you certainly know just what each cow is doing. For a breeding herd, where one wishes to dispose of the surplus stock at the highest price, this is entirely practical and necessary. But for the purpose of weeding out the unprofitable cows it is not necessary to go to quite this trouble. If you weigh the milk at each milking, so much the better, but you can weigh one day in a week and estimate the weight for the rest of the time from this and get a close approximation of the yield of milk. Suppose you weigh Thursday of each week and a cow gives in the morning 15.3 pounds and at night 18.7 pounds, or 34 pounds for the day. Now multiply this by 7 and 238 pounds becomes the estimated amount of milk for the week. You will find this accurate enough for weeding out the "star boarders." Look at the record from our experiment station where every making is weighed and take a certain day of the week right along for a year, making the estimate as described above, and you will find that you come very close to the actual number of pounds of milk for the year. I figured this out from the records of the dairy cows at the World's Fair at Chicago and the difference was only a few pounds.

Again, it is quite sufficient for our purpose to weigh every 10th day if preferred, instead of every 7th day, and the figuring is much more easily done. Take the same illustration as before. The cows gives 34 pounds in a day and for 10 days you have 340 pounds, or, simply move the decimal pont one place to the right. The greatest trouble with this, however, is that the milkers forget and do not weight every tenth day. But a bulletin could be posted up in the stable that would show just the date the milk should be weighed and in a little while the habit would become fixed.

As to testing the milk, it is not necessary, for the purpose you name, to take a sample from each milking or for that matter every week. Cows vary but little from day, or from week, in their percentage of butter fat. When a cow is fresh she does not, as a rule, give quite as rich milk as she does farther along in the period of lactation, and when she is nearly dry she gives the richest milk of any portion of the period. Hence, if you test for butter fat when the cow is comparatively fressh, again near the middle of the period of lactation and once more near the close of the period, and then take the average of these tests, you will have a fairly accurate test of the percentage of butter fat the cow yields. There is no question whatever about your being able to pick out the good cows from the poor by means of such a test.

But, as stated above, if you want to make official test or private tests that you can swear by, you must weigh and sample each milking. The average man will not do this, nor is it necessary for all practical purposes. He should, however, know what each cow is doing that he may keep his herd up to the highest degree of efficiency and it can be done with little trouble, as I have indicated.

THE STEER'S RATIONS.

The bunch of steers entering their second winter are no doubt getting along very well now on what pasture is available and eight or nine pounds daily of corn on the stalks, says Farm Field and Fireside. Their ration is fairly well balanced by the pasture, particularly if it is clover in whole or part; and the bulky corn fodder is preparing the animals in the handling of large quantities of feed.

Very soon feeding in the lot will begin in the north. Some thing must take the place of the pasture, something that will help balance a generous corn ration. This will be clover, alfalfa or pea hay, at the rate of about eight pounds per day for a thousand-pound animal. Another change, however, must be made. The fattening period requires concentrates; the corn on stalk ration instead of being increased so that more corn may be fed, is cut down gradually to one-half and snapped or ear corn fed. The word gradually is important; the change to heavy feeding of concentrates when made suddenly only deranges the steer's digestive system. Haste here, as elsewhere, makes waste.

Easier on the steer's mouth than ear or snapped corn are crushed corn and corn and cob meal. Crushing is sufficient and cheaper than shelling plus grinding. Corn and cob meal has an additional advantage over corn meal in being much more easily digested, less likely to founder—on the whole, much more wholesome.

Animals now a year and a half old may be put on full feed by the middle of winter. By June or July they will be ready for market. At a fair price, then, profits may be expected; for the early feeding has been in large part inexpensive roughage, which well balanced and bulky, prepared the animals for the proper handling of the heavy fattening ration. This ration, too, has been made up in important part of moderately priced materials which have successfully balanced the ration.

TROTTING STANDARD.

When an animal meets these requirements and is duly registered it shall be accepted as a standard-bred trotter:

1. The progeny of a registered standard trotting horse and a registered standard trotting mare.

2. A stallion sired by a registered standard trotting horse, provided his dam and grandam were sired by registered standard trotting horses, and he himself has a trotting record of 2:30 and is the sire of three trotters with records of 2:30 from different mares.

3. A mare whose sire is a registered standard trotting horse, and whose dam and grandam were sired by registered trotting horses, provided she herself has a trotting record of 2:30 or is the dam of one trotter with a record of 2:30.

4. A mare sired by a registered standard trotting horse, provided she is the dam of two trotters with a record of 2:30.

5. A mare sired by a registered standard trotting horse, provided his first, second and third dams are each sired by a registered standard trotting horse.

PACING STANDARD.

When an animal meets these requirements and is duly registered it shall be accepted as a standard bred pacer:

1. The progeny of a registered standard pacing horse and a registered standard pacing mare.

2. A stallion sired by a registered standard pacing horse, provided his dam and grandam were sired by registered standard pacing horses, and he himself has a pacing record of 2:25, and is the sire of three pacers with records of 2:25, from different mares.

3. A mare whose sire is a registered standard pacing horse and whose dam and grandam were sired by registered standard pacing horses, provided she herself has a pacing record of 2.25 or is the dam of one pacer with a record of 2:25.

4. A mare bred by a registered standard pacing horse, provided she is the dam of two pacers with records of 2:25.

5. A mare sired by a registered standard pacing horse, provided her first, second and third dams are each sired by a registered standard pacing horse.

6. The progeny of a registered standard trotting horse out of a registered standard pacing mare, or of a registered standard pacing horse out of a registered standard trotting mare.

TROTTING AND PACING STANDARD HORSES.

In response to enquiries as to what the rules of the Register Association are we quote below the amended and existing rules as to standard trotting and pacing horses. All animale upon which rank depends must first be registered at the expense of the applicant. If a performer makes the sire or dam standard, it must first be registered.

Let is be observed that the standard itself makes registration a condition and requisite to standard rank.

CLEAN THE HORSE.

To keep a horse in a good healthy condition constant care needs to be exercised in keeping the skin clear and free from scurf and dust. If the pores of the skin are closed, a large quantity of waste matter is retained, which in effect is as unhealthful as if the bowels were closed and the wastes of the system in this way were retained and absorbed.

ABOUT THE CREAM.

The warmer the milk whent set, the more complete will be the separation of the cream from the milk at any given lower temperature; and the more rapidly the temperature falls, the more rapid will be the separation of the cream from the milk. Cream rises best when the temperature is falling; very slowly when the temperature is stationary; and little or not at all when the temperature is rising.

FEED THE CATTLE GRAIN.

It may do to market grass cattle from the ranges, but grass cattle should never go to the market from the farm—the farmer cannot afford it. No matter how good the pastures, grain enough should be fed to give solidity and weight

Cane sugar cultivation is making steady progress in Egypt.

CROCHET WORK AGAIN IN VOGUE.

After a long session of convent embroidery, Oriental laces, handwork from Japan and India, Mexican drawnwork, we are back again to the simplest, most old-fashioned crochet work for all sorts of pretty indoor matinee garments. And in old-fashioned colors, too, if you please, rose-pink, sky-blue, lemon-yellow, violet, sea-green and ivory are the popular tints in crochet work for 1905. Many of the garments are silk-lined in soft cream silk with broche or Dresden designs in delicate hues to match or contrast nicely. Or plain tinted silks are used and the garment bound with Dresden or pompadour liberty ribbons. In fact nearly all the prettiest articles are bound with wash ribbon in lovely colors, plain or figured. The liberty wash satin ribbon is durable and holds its color well and the corded wash taffeta has also a reputation for fair dealing.

There is hardly any out of convenient morning or bedroom saque or wrap that is not crocheted to fit most neatly. The saques are usually intended to wear over silk blouses or cotton shirtwaists or over a night dress for an invalid's comfort of a chilly day.

None of the newest garments have collars or cuffs. The sleeves are always loose, either the wide coat sleeve, or a flowing sleeve. It must always be remembered how difficult a crochet sleeve is to get on and off and plenty of space should be allowed.

Women who are really experts in the use of crochet or knitting needles often hestitate about the making of such a gift, thinking it will only be ruined the first time it is sent to the laundry. The dark colors will of course stand long wear; but light wools and any wools worn for sports must occasionally be thoroghly washed.

If light or bright hues are to be cleaned let them soak a few minutes, ten say, each in a separate pail in cold borax water, about a teaspoonful of powder to two quarts of water. Then put them directly into a tub of suds made with shaved castile soap, borax and hot water. Never boil, or rub with soap, or let stand in hot water more than five minutes, or put through a wringer.

Rub lightly through the hands, rinse in warm borax water and then in clear cold water. Wring as dry as possible in the hands, then clap for a few minutes, and carefully pull into shape. Let drip dry out of doors unless it is freezing cold. When nearly dry take off the line and again shake. Pull the neck up and down, the sleeves out, the fronts straight and the garment will look like new. But if you let it dry according to its own wind-blown fancy you will have a useless garment on your hands.—Mary Annabelle Fenton.

LATEST WHIMS.

The girl who "puts on style on nothing a year" makes her own small trappings to this day, however; and she it is, if she has the faculty, who comes off with the most freakish novelties and often the most captivating ones, says the Philadelphia Telegraph.

The fur-bordered veil is the latest craze with girls who look upon automobiling and all that goes with it as the choicest gift of the gods, and who ape the bundling effects of the horseless riding apparel. When the fur matches the veil exactly in color, the result is now and then tolerable, but when a different shade is used a most unbecoming effect is produced.

Another whim of the minute is the outlining of coarse lace patterns with fine chenille for blouses. A pretty finish is sometimes given such waists by the addition of velvet collars and cuffs the shade of the chenille. Girls with limited incomes make many of their own shirtwaists and fancy blouses, and by this means get pretty individual touches, that even "made to order" ones often sorely lack.

Lace collars and cuffs, embroidered in pompadour ribbon work, with tiny blossoms and posies, are regarded with favor. They are often worn with kid belts similarly embroidered. such belts are sometimes furnished with ribbon flower buckles.

Petticoats worn with thin evening gowns are often made with billows of shade chiffon frills. A skirt of this kind had the deep top flounce appliqued with black chiffon velvet cherries.

The leather collar and cuff sets are at their best with the corduroy shirtwaists of severe cut and finish, which are in high favor for morning use this wnter. Linen and silk stocks and ties embroidered with dots and rings are very much used with tailor-made shirtwaists. A new arrival in this line has two pert little bows and long plaited ends, which reach half the length of the waist.

PROPERLY APPOINTED DINING ROOM.

The dining room should be as light, bright and attractive as possible, and every member of the family should endeavor to lay aside individual vexation or trials before coming to the table, and unite to make the "breaking of bread" together not only a source of physical refreshments, but an hour of mutual pleasure and improvements. The plainest room may thus be made attractive, and the homeliest fare appetizing. All the appointments of the room and the table should possess the beauty of neatness and the grace of appropriateness.

Let the table be the center of attraction. A round table five to seven feet in diameter is best adapted to conversational purposes, but the extension table, four feet wide and reaching any length desired, meets all requirements. An undercloth of white cotton plush, double faced cotton flannel, or a silence cloth of material manufactured expressly for this purpose should cover the table to protect the polish of the wood and improve the appearance of the linen.

The style of elaborate decoration is ever changing, but faintly perfumed or rare flowers, ferns, delicate vines, tinted leaves and fruit are always in good form, and delicate china, silver and glass add their own beauty if good taste presides over all. In some families a charming custom prevails of placing a flower daily beside the plate of the mistress if it is difficult to obtain more for the table. The linen should be as heavy and fine as circumstances permit. Fine drawn work doilies, towels with drawn work on lace borders, hemstitched centerpieces, with napkins and cloth woven in beautiful designs, increase the attractiveness of the table, which should not be burdened with dishes.—Newark Advertiser.

SIMPLICITY IN CHILD'S DRESS.

Character and clothes have much to do with each other. The overdressed woman is the self-conscious woman, the woman ill at ease, and she is also the individual who is fearful lest her garments will not excel those of her neighbors and friends. She who inclines toward appropriate clothes is very apt to be the one whose sense of the fitness of things carries into every detail of her life quietness and repose. The children of these women are also very likely to take considerably after their parents and those of the former who have been accustomed to laces and finery since their birth will look upon those who do not enjoy good garments as "common" or poor.

The mother who dresses her child in fine but simple garments is developing the better traits. Even for the purse that can afford it, real lace is not in keeping with the frocks of a child. Rather have the material fine and the design simple and allow the child mature to develop instead of making her a vain woman before it is time.—Newark Advertiser.

A KIOWA BALL DRESS.

L. C. Reisner, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, is the owner of an Indian woman's buckskin dress trimmed with elk teeth, which is believed to be one of the most valuable garments of this sort now in existence. Over 1,500 elk tusks cover this squaw dress, and most of them are good specimens. They represent, of course, the death of not less than 750 bull elks. It is not known where all the elk were obtained. The garment was finished in 1874, and was used as a state robe for the wife of Little Boy, chief of the Kiowa tribe. It became one of the state robes of that people, and after the death of the chief's wife, was worn by Kiowa Anna, reigning belle of the tribe. It was lost by the Kiowas in a skirmish with another tribe. Chief Lone Wolf, its next owner, gave it to his niece, Ida Lone Wolf, who sold it three years ago to an Indian collector, who in turn sold it to Mr. Reisner. There is perhaps no ball dress of a white woman which has more value than this savage woman's robe, come down from another day.—Field and Stream.

DINING ROOM BRIC-A-BRAC.

In the dining room nothing is more beautiful for the plate rail and sideboard than pieces of old china in blue and white and green and white. Most interesting color effects can be obtained with friezes of this kind. Combined with collections of pewter porringers and tankards, brass coffee jugs and pitcher, the effect is extremely decorative if care is taken in the selection of the background color. Other inexpensive but effective pieces of purely decorative bric-a-brac are plaster casts. If well made, exact reproductions, they are very satisfactory in soft ivory tints. There is a great difference in them, and the cheap, poorly made cast is worse than none.—Harper's Bazar.

FASHION HINTS.

The Gainsborough, or picture hat, looks its best over young faces and floating hair. Indeed, the original Gainsborough hat came into fashion when women wore their hair in ringlets, and few modern coiffures are adapted to it.

China silk, embroidered with shirtwaist design in wash silk, makes mighty pretty blouses, which are more serviceable than any other kind of white silk waists, because they can be washed and washed.

VARICUS IDEAS AS TO HADES

Heathen Conceptions of the Infernal Regions Peculiarly Horrible.

"I am writing," said an author, "a monograph on the infernal regions as the heathen races of the world have at different times imagined them.

"The infernal regions of Buddhism are horrible. They comprise a great hell and 136 lesser hells. In these hells, according to the sculptures of the Buddhist temples, men are ground to powder and their dust turned into ants and fleas and spiders. They are pestled in a mortar. The hungry eat red-hot iron balls. The thirsty drink molten iron.

"Islamism says of the infernal regions: 'They who believe not shall have garments of fire fitted to them; boiling water shall be poured on their heads and on their skins and they shall be beaten with maces of iron.'

"In the Scandinavian mythology the mythology of Odin and Thor, we are told that 'in Nastrond there is a vast and direful structure with doors that face the north. It is formed entirely of the backs of serpents, wattled together like wickerwork. But the serpents' heads are turned toward the inside of the hall and they continually send forth floods of venom, in which wade all those who commit murder or forswear themselves.'

"In the past the Christian idea of the infernal regions was as hideous as the heathen idea, and in their sermons clergymen loved to describe hell. The present tendency, however, is to avoid discussion of this place—to dwell upon the gentler and more lovely side of Christianity."

The body of Theodore Thomas, the deceased orchestra leader, has been taken to Boston and interred in Mount Auburn Cemetery.

HARD TIMES FOR BABIES.

Frequently Made Martyrs to Old Established Customs.

Even in some civilized countries babies still have hard times. In parts of Flanders the mothers wind linen cloths around the heads of their children because it is considered beautiful there for girls to have flat temples. In parts of France there is still a worse custom.

The style in heads there is to have the back of the skull as flat as possible, so a board is strapped to the back of the infant's head.

In Brittany many houses have a pole fastoned in the floor. Attached to this is a movable arm that is free to turn completely around the upright.

The babies are strapped to this arm, and are expected to amuse themselves by lurching around and around in a ring. The Breton peasants imagine that it teaches them to walk, and they don't seem to care that it makes their legs bandy.

The Bigger Thing.

"I was in a New England village on election day," said the New York drummer, "and the electors came up to the scratch nobly until about two hours before the polls closed. Then a tin peddler with a sick horse drove into town and all further interest in the election was forgotten. The workers deserted the polls in a body, the electors who hadn't voted refused to leave that sick horse to do so and when the result of the count was announced one old fellow who had been pulling at the horse's ears for the last hour replied:

"Now, then, never mind who is elected or defeated. We have got a heap bigger thing on hand to save this hoss."

Woman's Kidney Troubles

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Especially Successful in Curing This Fatal Disease.

Of all the diseases known, with which women are afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal. In fact, unless early and correct treatment is applied, the weary patient seldom survives.

Being fully aware of this, Mrs. Pinkham, early in her career, gave exhaustive study to the subject, and in producing her great remedy for woman's ills—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—was careful to see that it contained the correct combination of herbs which was sure to control that fatal disease, woman's kidney troubles. The Vegetable Compound acts in harmony with the laws that govern the entire female system, and while there are many so called remedies for kidney troubles, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only one especially prepared for women, and thousands have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it. Derangements of the feminine organs quickly affect the kidneys, and when a woman has such symptoms as pain or weight in the loins, backache, bearing down pains, urine too frequent scanty or high colored, producing scalding or burning, or deposits like brick dust in it; unusual thirst, swelling of hands and feet, swelling under the eyes or sharp pains in the back running down the inside of her groin, she may be sure her kidneys are affected and should lose no time in combating the disease with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the woman's remedy for woman's ills.

The following letters show how marvelously successful it is.

Mrs. Samuel Frake, of Prospect Plains, N. J., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

I cannot thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. When I first wrote to you I had suffered for years with what the doctor called kidney trouble and congestion of the womb. My back ached dreadfully all the time, and I suffered so with that bearing-down feeling I could hardly walk across the room. I did not get any better, so decided to stop doctoring with my physician and take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am thankful to say it has entirely cured me. I do all my own work, have no more backache and all the bad symptoms have disappeared.

I cannot praise your medicine enough, and would advise all women suffering with kidney trouble to try it.

Mrs. J. W. Lang, of 626 Third Avenue, New York, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

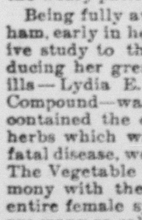
I have been a great sufferer with kidney trouble. My back ached all the time and I was discouraged. I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound would cure kidney disease, and I began to take it; and it has cured me when everything else had failed. I have recommended it to lots of people and they all praise it very highly.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from kidney trouble, or any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Out of the great volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than likely she has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

WINCHESTER



RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

"It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

ALL DEALERS SELL WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

THE BEST WATERPROOF CLOTHING IN THE WORLD

BEARS THIS TRADE MARK

MADE IN BLACK OR YELLOW

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

CATALOGUES FREE

SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

Blood Diseases

HOW CAUSED.

The bowels become constipated, the stomach foul from fermentation of improperly digested food, this mal-assimilated matter is absorbed and taken into the circulation, much of which unfit to nourish is left in the blood to cause pain and disease.

Parsons' Pills

which make new rich blood, will gently evacuate the bowels, cleanse the stomach, invigorate the torpid liver, open the excreting and secreting glands and restore the whole body to health. Price 25 cents a bottle at all druggists. T. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED by a reliable firm of the biggest selling goods on earth. For information and FREE SAMPLES write to Horne Manufacturing Co. 1613 Central Av. Cinn. O.

HAD TO GIVE UP.

Suffered Agonies From Kidney Disorders Until Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

George W. Renoff, of 1953 North Eleventh street, Philadelphia, Pa., a man of good repute, writes: "Five years ago I was suffering so with my back and kidneys that I often had to lay off. The kidney secretions were unnatural, my legs and stomach were swollen, and I had no appetite. When doctors failed to help me I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and improved until my back was strong and my appetite returned. During the four years since I stopped using them I have enjoyed excellent health. The cure was permanent."

GEORGE W. RENOFF.

(Signed) GEORGE W. RENOFF.

A TRIAL FREE — Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

Why He Crossed.

Washington was asked why he crossed the Delaware on the ice.

"I couldn't commit an anachronism," he explained. "It would have spoiled the painting utterly.

Perceiving the wise foresight of their leader, the soldiers cheered him on.—Judge.

Gardner M. Lane was elected a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Loon Overcome by Cold.

E. E. Skinner, caretaker at the town farm, found a large loon in the road yesterday near his house.

He caught the bird, carried it home and fed it. It seemed to be suffering from hunger and the severe cold.—Berlin Correspondence Hartford Courant.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Butter color is made from analine and the shade is called "azo."

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Spain produced 175,109 tons of lead in 1903.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Spain has a number of iron, coal, lead and silver mines.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Russia has a per capita investment in industrial enterprises of $4.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Nineteen took part in a race in Paris for men with wooden legs.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

We have 75,000 postoffices and 500,000 miles of postal routes.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never Fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

The annual consumption of salt in England is forty pounds a head.

YELLOW CRUST ON BABY

Would Crack Open and Scab Causing Terrible Itching—Cured by Cuticura.

"Our baby had a yellow crust on his head which I could not keep away. When I thought I had succeeded in getting his head clear, it would start again by the crown of his head, crack and scale, and cause terrible itching. I then got Cuticura Soap and Ointment, washing the scalp with the soap and then applying the Ointment. A few treatments made a complete cure. I have advised many mothers to use Cuticura, when I have been asked about the same ailment of their babies. Mrs. John Boyce, Pine Brush, N. Y."

Cuba's immigration last year was 20,000. Three-fourths were Spaniards.

Salzer's Home Builder Corn.

So named because 50 acres produced so heavily, that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in Ind. 157 bu., Ohio 160 bu., Tenn. 198 bu., and in Mich. 220 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1905.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS?

120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre.
310 bu. Salzer's New National Oats per A.
80 bu. Salzer Speltz and Macaroni Wheat.
1,000 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre.
14 tons of rich Billion Dollar Grass Hay.
60,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—per A.
160,000 lbs. Teosinte, the fodder wonder.
54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn —rich, juicy fodder, per A.

Now such yields you can have in 1905, if you will plant my seeds.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c

in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. [A. C. L.]

In Spain a man who becomes the father of a large family receives a title.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

As empowered by the resolution of the new West Chester council, Burgess C. H. Pennypacker went to Philadelphia and secured the services of an expert sanitary plumber to make a thorough examination of the sewer system of West Chester. An effort will be made to prevent the pollution of streams and to avert typhoid outbreaks like that which caused many deaths last year.

Benjamin H. Guldin, of Pottsville, who was a member of the Masonic fraternity for sixty-eight years, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for seventy years, died at the home of his son, Dr. B. C. Guldin, of Minersville, in his ninety-second year. He was serving his thirty-seventh year as a justice of the peace of Pottsville.

In the trial of Preston N. Bodey for the murder of his father, Charles N. Bodey, of Orwigsburg, Miss Grace Bodey, a sister of the defendant, was a witness. While telling the jury how her brother had beaten her father, she drew a picture of her father from under her coat and exhibited it to the jury. Bursting into tears, she exclaimed, "He was the best man that ever lived, and that poor old white head was beaten by his own son." Miss Bodey testified that Preston had abused his father upon former occasions, and that they had frequent disputes over business matters.

The fact that the Legislature occupied the new Capitol before the walls were dry is supposed to be the cause of several attacks of pneumonia. Among those who are suffering from pneumonia are: Senators Cochrane, of Lycoming County, and Quail, of Schuylkill County; Jas. M. Shumacker, Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, and Representative Place, of Monroe County. Speaker Walton barely escaped from the drafty building to recuperate at home from an attack that bordered on pneumonia.

Burglars entered the parsonage of the Bridgeport Baptist Church and stole a small amount of money and $200 worth of silverware, belonging to Rev. T. C. Jackson. The homes of Frank Peirce, Frank Gorman and John Shoemaker, in the same town, were also entered, the thieves securing jewelry and clothing in each.

The final and most vigorous effort in the fight to save the life of Samuel Greason, who is convicted of the murder of John Edwards, was made before the Supreme Court in Philadelphia. Attorneys John H. Rothermel and William Sadler appeared for Greason, while Attorney E. H. Deysher represented Mrs. Kate Edwards, wife of the murdered man. The confession of Mrs. Edwards was brought before the Supreme Court a short time ago, but that body refused to consider it as of sufficient weight to warrant a rule for a new trial. The present depositions of Mrs. Edwards disclose for the first time the complete details of the murder. The mother at last incriminates her daughter, Mary, but the latter, it is understood, will not be held in jeopardy. Attorney Sadler sent a petition to the members of the Board of Pardons asking for a complete pardon for Greason. This is done in order that, should the Supreme Court fail to grant a rule on the Berks court for a new trial, the Board of Pardons may recommend a pardon for the negro.

The Pennsylvania Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission wound up its affairs at a meeting in Harrisburg and will shortly submit a detailed report to the Legislature. The report of the commission shows an unexpended balance of $53,000 out of the fund of $300,000 appropriated by the last Legislature. This money will be turned back into the State Treasury.

It is announced at West Chester that Dr. Isaiah Everhart the executor of the late Benjamin M. Everhart, the millionaire-botanist who died in that city some months ago, leaving considerable real estate, decided not to deed to the borough for park purposes the tract of woodland and pasture known as "Everhart's Grove." It was generally believed that this land would soon become a public park, but it is said the grove is now offered for sale.

The police and Coroner of Chester are still trying to secure a clew as to what motive John E. Chatham had for trying to kill trying to kill his wife and mother-in-law. Mrs. Chatham's life hangs in the balance in the Chester Hospital, and, while her condition is favorable for recovery, the least complication may result in her death. At times she is conscious and can answer questions, but she refuses to talk in any way about the crime.

Irvin A. Bristol, liveryman, conveyed several persons to the Galleger farm, near Emile. In coming back he had to cross a narrow bridge, and in trying to avoid another team, Mr. Irvin's horses and wagon pitched off the bridge. Both horses were killed. Mr. Irvin succeeded in getting out and was able to go back to Mr. Galleger's residence, although he was badly hurt. The horses were valued at $700.

Being released after a quarantine of more than a month, on account of smallpox, Winfield Allebaugh, of Allentown, was arrested at Pottstown, charged with desertion and non-support. The charge was made by his wife, who resides in Allentown. When Allenbaugh was located by Chief of Police Delcamp it was discovered that the boarding house in which he lived was under quarantine, and, after waiting five weeks, Allebaugh was arrested as he was about to leave the house for the first time after quarantine was raised.

Governor Pennypacker fixed May 4 for the hanging of Martin Razimus, of Luzerne County, and May 9 for the hanging of William Dillon and Ira Green, of Center County.

Crime in Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., (Special).—Governor Vardaman issued a strong address to the peace officers of the state, declaring that the situation in Mississippi is becoming critical; that crime is rampant in all quarters of the commonwealth, and urging the officers at once to begin a crusade to clean out the dives and haunts of criminals.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Trade reports are still somewhat conflicting, but on the whole improvement has followed more settled weather, and the outlook is considered favorable even in sections where current business is irregular. Mercantile collections are not as prompt at the East as elswhere, but the liabilities of commercial failures in February were much smaller than a year ago.

Traffic blockades have been lifted, restoring a normal distribution of merchandise, and railway earnings in February were only 5.1 per cent. smaller than last year, despite the severe weather at the start. Little idle machinery is noticed in the iron and steel industry, textile mills are increasingly active, and New England shoe shops are shipping more freely than a year ago, although there is still delay in booking orders for Fall footwear. Minor manufacturing plants are also preparing for large sales, indicating that confidence remains unshaken.

Agricultural communities have prospered, cash prices of all farm products maintaining profitable positions, but the speculative markets are erratic.

Commercial failures this week in the United States are 245, against 252 last week, 258 the preceding week and 236 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada number 35 against 29 last week, 32 the preceding week and 27 last year.

Bradstreets says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending March 2 are 907,936 bushels, against 923,022 last week; 1,643,086 this week last year, $3,491,486 in 1903 and 4,095,944 in 1902. Corn exports for the week are 4,171,279 bushels, against 3,827,081 last week, 1,690,753 a year ago, 3,817,609 in 1903 and 352,406 in 1902.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 7,951 barrels; exports, 11,253 barrels.

WHEAT—Firm; spot, contract, 1.13¼@1.13½; spot No. 2 red Western, 1.14¼@1.14½; March, 1.13¼@1.13½; April, 1.14½@1.14⅝; May, 1.15½; steamer No. 2 red, 1.06½@1.06¾; receipts, 3,568 bushels; Southern by sample, 98@1.12; Southern on grade, 1.01½@1.13½.

CORN—Strong; spot, 51⅝; March, 51⅝; April, 51⅝; May, 51¾@52; steamer mixed, 49¾@49⅞; receipts, 48,825 bushels; exports, 260,114 bushels; Southern white corn, 50@54; Southern yellow corn, 50@54.

OATS—Firmer; No. 2 white, 36½@36¾; No. 2 mixed, 36 bid; receipts, 16,939 bushels.

RYE—Firm (uptown); No. 2 Western, 85@86; receipts, 2,307 bushels.

HAY—Firmer; No. 1 timothy, 14.50@15.00; No. 1 clover mixed, 12.50@13.00.

BUTTER—Steady and unchanged; fancy imitation, 29@30; fancy creamery, 34@35; fancy ladle, 23@25; store-packed, 22@23.

EGGS—Firm, 30.

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged; large, 13¾; medium, 13¾; small, 14.

SUGAR—Strong and unchanged; coarse granulated, 6.15; fine, 6.15.

New York—FLOUR—Receipts, 21,145 barrels; exports, 9,296 barrels. Steady, with light demand.

BARLEY—Slow; feeding, 44¼ c. i. f. New York.

BUTTER—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 5,460.

CHEESE—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 1,719.

EGGS—Easy; receipts, 2,250; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by fancy selected white, 36; do. choice, 35; do. mixed, fancy, 35; Westrn firsts, 33; do. seconds, 32; Southerns, 30@33.

POULTRY—Alive, dull; Western chickens, 12; fowls, 14; turkeys, 15; dressed, weak; Western chickens, 13@14; fowls, 12@12½; turkeys, 15@20.

PORK—Steady; mess, 12.75@13.50.

TALLOW—Dull.

COTTONSEED OIL—Steady; prime yellow, 24@26½.

SUGAR—Raw, quiet; fair refining, 4⅝; centrifugal, 5⅛; molasses sugar, 4⅜; refined, quiet.

POTATOES—Quiet; Long Island, 1.50@2.00; State and Western, 1.25@1.45; Jersey sweets, 2.00@4.75.

PEANUTS—Firm; fancy hand-picked, 5¼@5½; other domestic, 3¾@5½.

CABBAGES—Steady; domestic, per ton, 8.00@12.00.

Live Stock.

New York—BEEVES—Steers slow and 10 cents lower; bologna bulls firm; others steady; cows easier. Steers, 4.50@5.70; bulls, 3.25@4.25; cows, 1.90@3.70. Cables quoted live cattle steady at 10½@11½ cents per pound; few tops, 12 cents dressed weight; sheep, 12@13 cents dressed; refrigerator beef, 8@8¾ cents per pound.

CALVES—Steady. Veals, 4.00@8.75; dressed calves steady; city dressed veals, 7@13 cents per pound; country dressed, 7@11 cents.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep, quiet and steady; lambs, 10@15 cents off. Sheep 4.00@5.50; no good sheep here; lambs, 7.00@8.37½; yearlings, 7.10.

WORLD OF LABOR.

The Structural Building Trades Alliance may soon join the American Federation of Labor.

The displacement of horses by motor cycles has greatly affected the harness-making industry of London, Eng.

Plans are being perfected by the United Mine Workers of America for co-operative stores throughout the anthracite coal region.

Union musicians of Chicago have decided to ask for an increase of $2 over the present wage scale of $18 a week.

Berlin (N. H.) newsboys have organized a union.

More than $90,000,000 has been expended by the Canadian Government on its canals up to the end of the present fiscal year.

There are more persons engaged as textile workers in Russia than in any other industry, approximately 700,000 being thus employed.

The organization of Chicago freight handlers has been started along lines laid down by the biennial convention of the international union held in that city recently.

VENISON WAS ALL RIGHT.

But If It Had Been Beef He Would Have Called It Tainted.

Gov. N. J. Bachelder of New Hampshire does not believe in keeping venison, in the English fashion, for a month or more until it has turned green.

"I like a piece of venison as well as any man," he said recently, "but I want the meat to be fresh and sweet. I can't understand the English method of 'hanging' game till it has become quite putrid.

"My private opinion is that most people don't like game that has been 'hung'—I believe that they only pretend to like it. They are like a man who sat near me in a New York restaurant one autumn day.

"A dish of meat was set before this man, and I saw him taste it, give a 'pwah' of disgust and beckon to the waiter.

"'Waiter,' he said, 'this steak is positively bad. It must be three weeks old.'

"The waiter looked at the dish.

"'Beg pardon,' he said, 'I have made a mistake, sir. I have brought you venison.'

"'Venison?' said the patron, with a gratified smile. 'Ah, yes. Then you may leave it.'

"He took another mouthful of the meat.

"'To be sure,' he said, 'it is venison, and very nice, too; very nice, indeed.'"

Coldness of Spring Water.

"It is a fact," remarked the head of a certain fascinating soda water department, "that spring water keeps colder very much longer than ordinary river water, such as is served through Philadelphia water pipes. You can make the test, even in summer, by going to Fairmount park, drawing a jug of spring water, bringing it home and putting it in your cellar. Not only will it not get warm during the trip to your house, but it will remain much colder than will hydrant water drawn and kept beside it for a number of hours. This is said to be due to the lack of warm animal matter in the spring water, which is filtered through the earth. At any rate, it's a great pity we couldn't have just such water here in Philadelphia."—Philadelphia Record.

This Pretty Girl Saved From Catarrh of the Lungs by Pe-ru-na.

MISS FLORENCE KENAH.

Miss Florence E. Kenah, 434 Maria street, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"A few months ago I caught a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and remained there so persistently that I became alarmed. I took medicine without benefit, until my digestive organs became upset and my head and back began to ache severely and frequently.

"I was advised to try Peruna, and although I had little faith I felt so sick that I was ready to try anything. It brought me blessed relief at once, and I felt that I had the right medicine at last. Within three weeks I was completely restored and have enjoyed perfect health since.

"I now have the greatest faith in Peruna." Florence E. Kenah.

Women Should Beware of Contracting Catarrh.

The cold wind and rain, slush and mud of winter are especially conducive to catarrhal derangements. Few women escape.

Upon the first symptoms of catching cold Peruna should be taken. It fortifies the system against colds and catarrh.

Pe-ru-na for Colds and Catarrh.

The following interesting letter gives one young woman's experience with Peruna:

Miss Rose Gerbing, a popular society woman of Crown Point, Ind., writes:

"Recently I took a long drive in the country, and being too thinly clad I caught a bad cold which settled on my lungs, and which I could not seem to shake off. I had heard a great deal of Peruna for colds and catarrh and I bought a bottle to try. I am pleased that I did, for it brought speedy relief. It only took about two bottles, and I consider this money well spent.

"You have a firm friend in me, and I not only advise its use to my friends, but have purchased several bottles to give to those without the means to buy, and have noticed without exception that it has brought a speedy cure wherever it has been used."—Rose Gerbing.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Peruna has been used on and off for twenty years. Such a thing could not be possible if Peruna contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Facts Are Stubborn Things

Uniform excellent quality **for over a quarter of a century** has steadily increased the sales of LION COFFEE,

The leader of all package coffees.

Lion Coffee

is now used in millions of homes. Such popular success speaks for itself. It is a **positive proof** that **LION COFFEE** has the

Confidence of the people.

The uniform quality of LION COFFEE survives all opposition.

LION COFFEE keeps its old friends and makes new ones every day.

LION COFFEE has even more than its Strength, Flavor and Quality to commend it. On arrival from the plantation, it is carefully roasted at our factories and securely packed in 1 lb. sealed packages, and not opened again until needed for use in the home. This precludes the possibility of adulteration or contact with germs, dirt, dust, insects or unclean hands. The absolute purity of LION COFFEE is therefore guaranteed to the consumer.

Sold only in 1 lb. packages. Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

DYSPEPSIA

TRADE MARK

SICK HEADACHE,

CONSTIPATION

PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED WITH

Crab Orchard Water.

A Century's Experience, With Successful Results, is the Best Testimonial.

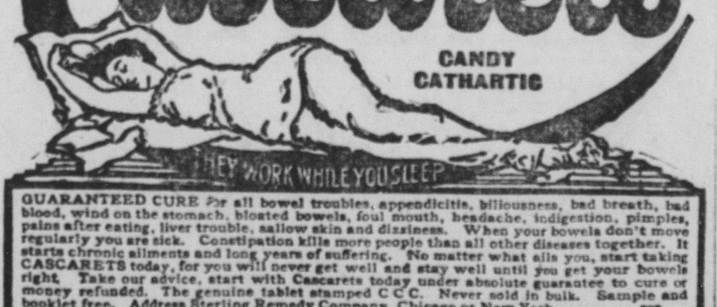
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Crab Orchard Water Co.,
Louisville, Ky.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

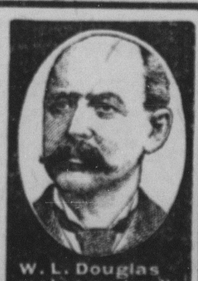
CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE For all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 509

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. **$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES** FOR MEN.



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price." Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capitol National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Colt skin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, *write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.*

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

30, 40 & 50 Per Cent. Paid

HONEST and WIDE-AWAKE AGENTS for selling our HIGH GRADE **Fruit & Ornamental Trees** Small Fruits, Shrubs, Roses and Vines. Business established 1866. First-class references must accompany application.

THE M. B. HARMAN CO., Geneva, N. Y.

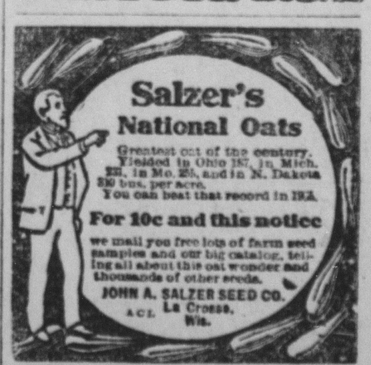
CORN FIELDS ARE GOLD FIELDS

to the farmer who understands how to feed his crops. Fertilizers for Corn must contain at least 7 per cent. actual

Potash

Send for our books—they tell why Potash is as necessary to plant life as sun and rain; sent free, if you ask. Write to-day.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau Street, New York.


Salzer's
National Oats
Greatest out of the century.
Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 221, in Mo. 256, and in N. Dakota 330 bus. per acre.
You can beat that record in 1905.
For 10c and this notice
we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this out wonder and thousands of other seeds.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.

MAILED TO-DAY

Many of our handsomely illustrated catalogues to your locality, explaining the Herbert plan of furnishing you beautiful and useful premiums absolutely free, with all Teas, Coffees, Spices, Extracts and Baking Powder and Cocoa. Did you get one? If not, send your name to us and we will mail you one. It's free.

The HERBERT IMPORTING & MFG. CO., 5 Beekman Street, New York City.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning, communion; also, services in the evening.

Methodist—Centre Hall, morning; Spruce-town, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening. These will be the last services in the conference year.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Boalsburg Reformed—Boalsburg, morning; Houserville, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

SARAH FOREMAN, MARCH 18, 1 o'clock, one mile south of Centre Hill: One cow, top buggy and carriage, double driving harness; also lot of household goods.

JACOB LEE, MARCH 20, Monday, 10 o'clock, 2 miles south of Linden Hall: One black mare, well-mated team of bays coming 5-year old; one 3-year-old, 3 2-year olds, 1 good yearling; 12 cows, three are fall cows, rest will be fresh by time of sale; 4 brood sows, boar, lot of little pigs; wagons, buggies, farm implements, De Laval cream separator, stoves, and lot of house hold goods.

J. FRANK BIBLE, MARCH 21, Tuesday, 12 o'clock, on the Kerr farm one mile north-east of Centre Hill. Two work horses, both leaders weighing 1300 lbs.; six milch cows; two heifers, coming fresh this spring; three head of young cattle; brood sow; Osborne mower, Albright hay rake, Bench cultivator, Oliver chilled plow, Centre Hall corn planter, spring harrow—these implements are all new, used but two years, also other implements; new top buggy, harness, etc. also lot of household goods.

CLYDE P. WIELAND, MARCH 22, Wednesday, 10 o'clock, at Linden Hall: 6 horses, 11 milch cows, 17 young cattle, 15 sheep, 40 hogs, full line of implements.

J. K. BITNER, MARCH 24, Friday, one mile east of Penn Hall: Horses, cattle, farm implements, etc.

MRS. ANNA HEMPHILL, MARCH 25, Saturday, 1 o'clock, Centre Hall: Three bedroom suits, 2 extension tables, stands, chairs, couch, lamps, clocks, coal stove, lawn mower, and many other articles.

O. L. RISHEL, MARCH 27, Monday, 12 o'clock, 1½ miles west of Boalsburg: 4 horses, 4 cows, 5 young cattle, one hog, full line of implements.

P. A. AUMAN, MARCH 28, Tuesday, 12 o'clock, one mile east of Old Fort: Four work horses, 5 milch cows, Shorthorn heifer, fresh by time of sale; Shorthorn bull, 18 months old; Shorthorn bull, 4 months old; 6 Shorthorn heifers, 14 Shropshire ewes, 4 brood sows, 4 Chesterwhite sow pigs, five months old; 3 shoats, five months old; full line of farm implements, 10-horse power clover huller, potatoes by the bushel.

G. H. HOMAN, MARCH 30, Thursday, 12:30 o'clock, at Centre Hall station: 4 horses, 5 milch cows, 3 will be fresh by time of sale; 6 young cattle, 12 head good sheep, 10 shoats, eight months old; full line of farm implements, harness, butchering tools, hay by the ton, and many other articles.

MRS. W. W. ROYER, APRIL 1, Saturday 1 p. m., at Centre Hill: Household goods, Wyoming Dock Ash range, Olive Branch cook stove, room stove with coal and wood grate, 12-foot extension table, sink, doughtray, etc.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR TREASURER: F. K. WHITE.

We are authorized to announce that F. K. White, of the Borough of Philipsburg, is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF: ELLIS S. SHAFFER.

We are authorized to announce that Ellis S. Shaffer, of Miles township, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR RECORDER: J. C. ROWE.

We are authorized to announce that J. C. Rowe is a candidate for the office of Recorder, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

FOR TREASURER: J. D. MILLER.

We are authorized to announce that J. D. Miller, of the township of Walker, is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Democratic party.

When Women Jump.

Two things there are that women
Will jump at in a trice.
These things are rash conclusions,
And timid little mice.

Fertilizers.

Buy the best fertilizers on the market for the spring crops from D. W. Bradford, who is handling all the high grade goods, at a trifle above the actual cost and freight.

Death Warrant Read.

Monday morning Sheriff Taylor read the death warrant to Dillen and Green. Both were deeply impressed by its import. The time of the execution, as announced last week, is May 9th.

Mrs. Condo Gets a Pension.

Mrs. Katharine Condo, widow of the late Jerry Condo, was granted a soldier's widow pension—eight dollars per month, from August last. The pension was secured through Agent W. A. Krise, of this place.

Low Excursion Rates to Havana, Cuba.

Low excursion rates to Havana, Cuba, and return, via Seaboard Air Line Railway. Tickets on sale March 29th, with final limit April 19th. Fare from Washington, D. C., $48.00 for the round trip. A most excellent time to visit the beautiful Island of Cuba at a very small cost. All the advantages and delights of a European trip.

Further information will be cheerfully given, on application to J. J. PULLER, District Passenger Agent, Seaboard Air Line Railway, 1411 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (2)

Went Away as Lovers.

The Lock Haven Democrat of Saturday published this item:

Ellis B. Shaffer, of this city, one of the bookkeepers in the office of the New York and Pennsylvania company, and Miss Ida Voneida, of Madisonburg, Centre county, who has been residing in this city for some time, left here Friday morning on the flyer. They gave no intimation as to where they were going, but their friends are pretty sure they went to Elmira yesterday and were made man and wife and are now at the bride's home at Madisonburg. Should these conclusions prove correct Mr. and Mrs. Shaffer will be accorded a fitting reception on their return here. They are most estimable young people and their friends will wish them much happiness.

NEWS FROM NORTH DAKOTA.

Green Decker, formerly of Potter Township, Writes from Fleisher.

The following was received from Fleisher, North Dakota, the home of Green Decker, formerly of near Potters Mills:

Believing that a letter from this section will be of interest to the Reporter readers, I have concluded to write briefly. We got to Dakota too late last spring to raise farm crops of any account, but made some garden, and planted beans, potatoes, sweet corn, melons, pumpkins and squash and grew a fine crop of each. I saw the finest vegetables here that I ever saw in my life.

Corn planting is done differently here from the methods in Pennsylvania. I planted two varieties—first ninety day and later sixty day corn. The planting was done immediately after the breaking-up plow. The seed was dropped into the furrows, the next furrow covering it. That was all that was done to the crop until the corn began to ripen. The first ears were plucked for seed, and it was no trouble to find ears twelve inches in length. How is that for North Dakota?

The native grass is a most excellent provender. Cattle taken from the pasture are fit to kill without being stall-fed. Droves of horses feed on this grass all winter, roaming over many acres, hunt all their feed, and are doing well.

While we looked for a blizzard, none came this winter. The country does not seem like one just being developed, and so we like it very much.

North Dakota is the wealthiest state, in school funds, in the union. There are good public school houses and Sabbath schools all around us.

Fleisher is a small town, but it furnishes the essentials. It has a large general store, meat market, good hotel, livery stable and feed barn, public hall for social gatherings, etc., Woodman Lodge, literary society, ladies' aid society, religious services every two weeks, so considering that settlement here began but three years ago, we are well advanced.

The country has an abundance of pure water and coal. I have a good well at both house and barn and thirty tons of lignite coal stored away.

North Dakota, like all other states, has its drawbacks, but I think it the state for the young man or young woman. We all work here, but not so hard as in old Pennsylvania.

West's Population Swelled.

Two bits of information concerning the swelling of the west's population that will be of interest to the local readers follow:

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Frank Wolfe, of Alma, Colorado, March 5, a daughter, at Chicago, Illinois.

Mr. Wolfe, who is a conductor on the Colorado Southern Railroad, is a native of Centre county, born in Georges Valley, and is a brother of Mrs. James Condo, of Penn Hall. His many relatives and friends in this county will not only be pleased to learn of his prosperity, but will congratulate him on this latest happy family event. He is the guest of his cousin, E. J. Burket, of Chicago.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Mersinger, Jr., in South Dakota, twin girl babies. Mr. Mersinger is a son of John W. Mersinger, of Tusseyville.

New Department Store.

The Daily Times, published at Sayre, Bradford county, in a recent issue gave over a column account of the opening of the large department store of Messrs. Reeser, Keller, Wieland Co. The firm had advertised its opening liberally, and on that day did not sell, but merely permitted the friends of the store to inspect the large building, see the interior arrangement, the $75,000 stock, and enjoy the comforts of the public waiting room. The Times closes its account by saying that the firm has reason to take pardonable pride in their opening.

The latter member of the firm is A. P. Wieland, well known in Penns Valley, a man rife in the knowledge of mercantile business.

Young Woman as Farmer.

The west is not the only section in which the ability of a young woman to manage a farm is demonstrated. The eastern woman can do the same, as is proven by Miss Ella Decker, who manages her father's farm, in Georges Valley, a short distance east of Potters Mills. Mr. and Mrs. Green Decker, the parents of the young lady, last spring went to North Dakota, and since none of the brothers could be induced to take the old homestead, Miss Decker took the farm in charge and has been chief manager for the past year. She is assisted in the performance of the work by two younger brothers, but the management wholly rests on her shoulders. She has met with good success, and if this had taken place in a western state, she would be the central figure of a wonderful story such as can only eminate from a locality in which cyclones have their birth. In the fertile valleys of Pennsylvania the incident is left to become a year old before it ever comes to light.

Big sacrifice in boys' shoes. Yeager & Davis.

DEATHS.

ELI F. TOWNSEND.

Eli F. Townsend, of Philipsburg, a prominent citizen and a Republican candidate for the legislature a few years ago, died at his home Thursday morning of last week of pneumonia.

The deceased was born at Warren, Ohio, November 14, 1859, making his age forty-five years. His parents both died when he was quite young. He came to Philipsburg in the latter part of 1886, taking up the work of mine foreman, a position he filled until the spring of 1904 when he successfully passed the examination for mine inspector, receiving the appointment for the eleventh district, with headquarters at Scottdale, a position he was filling when taken sick. He was a member of the Baptist church.

In 1888 he was married to Miss Sarah Gray, a daughter of the late W. Y. Gray, by whom he is survived, together with five children—four boys and one girl—the eldest, the daughter, being fifteen years of age and the youngest five years old. One brother and one sister, residing in Michigan, are also left to mourn his death.

MRS. JENNIE BECK.

Mrs. Jennie Beck, widow of the late Jacob Beck, died at her home at Warriorsmark. She was born at Aaronsburg, April 7, 1857, and at death was aged forty-seven years, ten months and twenty-eight days. She was married to Jacob Beck of Loveville on April 6, 1876, who died a few years ago. She is survived by her mother, who is now eighty-six years old, one sister, Mrs. Martha Hildebrant, of North Dakota, who was with her at the time of her death, and one half brother, T. J. Gates, cashier of the Blair County National bank of Tyrone. One half sister, Mrs. Mary Antes, of Clearfield, and two half brothers, Perry and Soloman Gates, of Half Moon valley, preceded her to the grave.

Interment was made at Loveville.

MRS. ANNA WEBER.

Mrs. Anna Weber, widow of the late Balser Weber, died Thursday afternoon of last week, at her home in Howard. Her death was due to infirmities incident to old age. Her maiden name was Anna Pletcher. She was the daughter of Henry and Magdalena Pletcher, of Howard, where she was born seventy-seven years ago.

She was a worthy christian lady and a member of the Mennonite church. She is survived by the following children: Abram, William, John, Clara, and Mary, all of Howard.

The funeral took place Saturday afternoon. Interment in Schenck's cemetery, Howard.

MRS. JOHN T. TATE.

Elizabeth, wife of John T. Tate, died Saturday morning at her home near the Nittany furnace. Death was due to gangrene and diabetes combined, from which she had been suffering for some time.

The deceased, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Isenburg, was the daughter of Edward and Margaret Isenburg and was born in Barre, Huntingdon county, fifty-seven years ago.

Surviving her are her husband, John T. Tate, and the following children: Alfred, of Punxsutawney; R. G. of Big Run, Jefferson county; Edward, Walter and Anna, of Bellefonte.

JAMES M. SHOOK.

James Milford Shook died at his home in Bellefonte on Sunday morning. Though he had been ailing for years his death was due directly to an attack of pneumonia, which culminated in death after an illness of only four days.

He was born in Lamar, Clinton county, in 1852. He is survived by his wife and ten children.

RUTH WILSON.

Ruth, aged five years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Wilson, died in Bellefonte Saturday evening, after an illness of but one week.

Fertilizers for Sale.

Messrs. J. H. & S. E. Weber announce that they will have during the season fertilizers of all grades, and prices as low as any. The prices are based on the analysis of the goods. They invite you to call to see them before buying.

Keith's, Next Week.

Keith's Chestnut Street Philadelphia Theatre, for the week beginning March 20th, will present the most weird, wonderful and fascinating act ever presented on any stage—"Dina" creation of woman out of nothing; Lewis McCool & Company, presenting "Her Last Rehearsal"; Bedini and Arthur, offering the best comedy juggling act ever imported from Europe; Sydney Grant, story-teller and impersonator of famous actors; Burton and Brooks, eccentric comedy act, entitled "A Can of Humor."

The goods handled by the Misses Geiss, Centre Hall, whose card is found elsewhere, include silk shirtwaist suits, Japanese silk waists, and walking skirts. Prices are very reasable considering style and quality.

LOCALS.

The township audit met at Old Fort Hotel.

The last month of the borough schools began Monday.

Harry McClenahan went to Pittsburg last week in search of work.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Musser, of Zion, drove to Centre Hall Sunday to visit friends.

Penns Cave was not sold Friday. See date of postponed sale elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Garver, of near Centre Hall, were brief callers Monday evening.

A bulletin in the Reporter windows on Sunday gave the public the news of the Japanese victories.

Mrs. John Yearick and sister, Miss Bessie Glace, last week went to Jacksonville to visit relatives.

Grip incapacitated Station Agent W. Frank Bradford, W. H. Stiver and B. D. Brisbin for some days last week.

Arb Cumings has been making good use of his horse-power hay baler, while the steamers were housed up on account of the snow.

Mrs. Williams, of Altoona, has been the guest of her son, John Williams, west of town, and other relatives, about a week or more.

Before buying new or old harness, get prices from D. A. Boozer. The information will be worth the time necessary to inform yourself.

Jacob Neese, of Farmers Mills, was a caller Monday morning, and expressed considerable satisfaction over the splendid victories obtained by the Japanese over the Russians.

J. W. Tressler, of Oak Hall, will become the tenant on the Dauberman farm along Sinking Creek, below Centre Hill. He has purchased a half interest in the stock. W. A. Curray, who for two years lived on that farm, will go back to Potters Mills, and again be employed by the Allisons.

FOR SALE—A good driving horse, weighing 1150 lbs. Also, refrigerator large enough for meat market, and a hand butter-worker.
W. O. GRAMLEY,
21 Spring Mills, Pa.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Eggs for hatching, S. C. White Leghorn, blanchard strain.
o. 23 W. O. GRAMLEY, Spring Mills.

ICE CREAM PARLOR
BY MRS. J. W. SHOOK
SPRING MILLS, PA.
The choicest cream served every Saturday evening Your patronage is solicted.

PUBLIC SALE—The undersigned will offer at public sale on "Maple Shade" farm, 1-2 mile west of Linden Hall,
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 10 A. M.
the following personal property:
Six good horses, 4 are working horses, good leaders and work anywhere; 2 driving horses, brown horse, 7 years old, speedy and attractive; bay mare, 8 years old, speedy and fearless of steam. 10 good young cows, mostly fresh or springing; 2 steers from 1 to 1 1-2 years old, 5 heifers of same age, and 3 4-month old calves; 15 Southdown ewes from 2 to 3 years old, will have lambs at time of sale; 31 Chesterwhite hogs, consisting of 5 brood sows, three of which are bred to farrow in April; large Chesterwhite boar, 20 shoats, weighing from 65 to 150 lbs., and five 6-weeks old pigs. Three 2-horse wagons, 3-seated platform spring wagon, bob sled, good road wagon, top buggy, new Deering binder with tongue truck, 6-foot cut; new 5-foot cut Deering mower, Osborne mower, 5-foot cut; Osborne self rake, new Farmers Favorite grain drill and fertilizer, new steel land roller, steel hay rake, 2 Oliver chilled plows, 2-horse Albright cultivator, 60-tooth steel spike harrow, 2 spring harrows, 1-horse cultivator, 2-seated cutter, new Portland sleigh, Centre Hall corn planter, 2 grind stones, wire stretcher, Deering knife grinder, hay rope with pulleys, harpoon, 20-foot extension ladder, 3 tripods, barrel sprayer, De Laval cream separator, 2 sets hay ladders, 1 set is seller patent with arches; fanning mill, grain bags, corn sheller, grain cradle, mowing scythe, large chicken coop, poultry wire, brush scythe, 1-horse spreader, 2-horse spreader, double and single trees, digging iron-forks, rakes, cross cut saw, 2 good hand saws, brace and bit, plank sled, drag, grabs, steelyard, sausage grinder, sausage stuffer, muzzle loading rifle, tubs, etc. 2 sets work harness, 3 sets single harness, 2 heavy bridles, chain traces, breechings, 2 saddles. Good refrigerator, dozen dining chairs, good extension table, desk, book case, 2 bedsteads, hard coal heater, 2 20-gallon crocks, sink, doughtray, cream freezer, meat vessels, etc.
CLYDE P. WIELAND.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A very desirable property, situated in Gregg township, Centre county, near Spring Mills, Pa.; containing 22 acres, more or less, of very fertile soil, under good cultivation. An orchard of choice and good-bearing apple trees. The house is large and of brick with Mansard roof, and contains 17 rooms; large outbuilding, story and a half, for kitchen purposes. Well of good water by the door and large cistern. Wood-house, smoke-house, chicken-house, good barn, carriage-house and other outbuildings. Property was formerly occupied by the late James G. Evans and family. Terms made known by undersigned.
REV. L. K EVANS.
221 King St.,
Jan. 12. Pottstown, Pa.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to
H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MAN OR WOMAN to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20.00 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. o13

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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Office North of Court House.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EAGLE BLOCK
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Successors to ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
Consultation in English and German.

For the Ladies:

Edward B. Grossman & Co. of Chicago, have placed with us their Catalogue of Ready-Made Spring Suits, Spring Coats, Rain Coats, Etc. We will be pleased to receive calls, at our home, from any who are interested in this line of goods.

THE MISSES GEISS
CENTRE HALL, PA.

THE YEAR 1905
Finds us prepared to serve you in all lines of House Furnishings, from a
COOK STOVE
TO A PIANO

We meet all opposition midway, and cannot be undersold by any one. Our goods must be as represented. They are so in every case.

We take this opportunity to thank you for your patronage in the past and at the same time solicit a continuance of it.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

Two More Weeks Within Which To Buy . . . . SHOES!

At less than the cost to manufacture them.

As we have been advertising to sell $12,000 worth of shoes by April 1st and we are going to do it. We have still a large lot of them left and have just two weeks to sell them. Now is the time to buy Shoes. We are going to take the balance of them out of our shelves and put them in baskets and on tables and make the price so low that you cannot afford to stay away. Come and see.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE SHOE MONEY - SAVERS

YEAGER & DAVIS

New Stock of Furniture

You have a half car load of Chamber Suits to select from, ranging from the cheapest to the best. These goods just arrived.

This stock will be sold at the same low price given heretofore.

OUR GOODS ARE RIGHT.
OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

...REARICK BROS...
Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .
CENTRE HALL.